THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Railway Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the Principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,102 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1890.

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R.I.M. MIRZAPORE	3413	650	R. Harvey	2nd May
† BOKARA	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	9th "
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R.I.M. COROMANDEL	4300	800	I. Reeves	23rd "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. J. Weigheli	30th "
R.I.M. THAMES	4115	800	W. A. Seaton	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	13th "
R.I.M. ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	20th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigheli	27th "

The steamers marked R I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp here to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare on Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard Managon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

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ROSETTA	3525 700	G. W Brady	24th April. 1890.
MALWA	2970 500	W. J. Nantes	8th May.
CLYDE	4136 800	J. L. Parfitt	22nd "
ROME	5011 1000	A. W. Adamson	5th June.
ORIENTAL	5000 1000	R. Stewart	19th "

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H. W. ULOTH,
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Bombay, 14th April, 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and Service across at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MASSINA, and NAPLES.

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R RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th May 1890.
PO	—	—	1st June 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	20th June 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

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Steamer.	To sail.
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F. BOZZONI,
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Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 8. April 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.
*MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	4,250	600	15th June.

*Will not call at Brindisi.

A Surgeon and Steward are on board of every Steamer aWill not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

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TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

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Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
ORION	B. Vidos	3,800	850	15th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste,

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
THISBE	E. Perini	3,600	550	21st April.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 60, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 9th April, 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
LARABIA	3341	J. Laird	10th May.
MNUBIA	3341	J. G. Knox	30th May.
MILRESPANIA	3389	Lamb	31st "

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the Upper Deck. For further particulars apply to

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THE first class steam-ship LISCARD, 1895 tons, will probably sail about the 12th April for GENOA, has very good accommodation for a limited number of passengers, no Doctor or Stewardess. Fare Rs. 300; and the MACIVER LINE NIAGARA 3,100 tons, carrying both Doctor and Stewardess, cabin amidship, and fitted throughout with the electric light, will sail for Plymouth about the middle of June. Apply to

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BRUSH DYNAMO,	16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each)	..	800
Do.	do. 10 " "	do.	500
EDISON	do. 65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)	...	400
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GRAMME DYNAMO,	10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p.	...	180

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INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.

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Do. WIRE " 1 anna. "

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natura laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

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Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m. on 20th April after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahren, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 23rd April.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 24th April, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE AND ANTWERP.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 3rd May.

FOR MAURITIUS.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, to sail on or about 28th April.

FOR LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,274 tons, to sail on or about 19th April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th April, 1890. Agents.

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Every advantage of a home life and the watchful care of a mother

Exceptionally healthy climate. For prospectuses and further particulars apply to S. S., Care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

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A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the

MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

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H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., LD.

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THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines in Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c, seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

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Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-we per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

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One-Shilling Cakes, Pans or Tubes		each	0 10
Eighteen-Penny	do. do.	"	1 0
Two-Shilling	do. do.	"	1 4
Three-Shilling	do. do.	"	1 14
Five-Shilling	do. do.	"	3 0

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Six-Shilling Box, fitted with 6 Colours, Brushes, &c	Rs. 4 8
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Two-Guinea Box, fitted with 24 Colours, Brushes, &c.	" 30 0
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And other sizes.

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One-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 whole Pans of Colour, &c	" 13 0
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And other sizes.

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Twenty-two-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 12 Tubes, Colour, &c	Rs. 15 0
Thirty-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 24 Tubes, Colour, &c	" 35 0
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CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
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NEILGHERRY TEAS.

KODANAAD ESTATES.

TRADE MARK.

K. T. E (in a triangle).

REDUCED PRICES!

Orange Pekoe	Re.	1	6	0 per lb.
Pekoe	"	1	2	0 "
Pekoe Souchong	"	0	15	0 "
Souchong	"	0	12	0 "
Mixture (Congou)	"	0	9	0 "

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READ THIS CAREFULLY.

STRONG, accurate, pretty, open-faced Nickel Silvern, *short winding* Keyless Railway Regulators, of small size, *jewelled exam-lled* dials, bold figures and Candian Gold hands, with tempered machinery and dust tight hinged cases for Rs. 7-8 per V. P.P. with spare glass, spring, box and guarantee. Warranted to stand rough usage. Can be easily repaired. Have no appearance of cheapness about them. Others sell at double our rates. Mr. A. R. Mehta from Handsa says:—"The 7-8 watch I purchased from you two years back, gives correct time as yet." Acting Superintendent Government Farm, Khandesh, says:—"A watch-maker has valued your Rs. 7-8 watch for Rs. 15." Mr. J. Sutcliffe, R. W. Fusl, Regt., Lucknow, says:—"Some valued it at Rs. 15, and were completely surprised when I told them it only cost Rs. 7-8." Pretty Candian Gold Chains, Lockets, Pencils, Complete shirt studs and Rings set with chemical diamonds, rubies &c., at Rs. 2 each. Mr. J. A. Yelamore, Satar, says:—"The *best goldsmith* of this place values the chain for Rs. 5 and the locket for Rs. 10." Mr. G. Smith, Sait Inspector, Sanikotla, says:—"A German valued the diamonds ring at Rs. 50 and the ruby at Rs. 30."

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SAVING 50 PER CENT.

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*** Liberal Discounts will also be given on IMPORTANT CASH PURCHASES of Books in STANDARD and GENERAL LITERATURE Selected from the Shelves. A number of New Books of the past Season will be offered for the Month of APRIL ONLY at Greatly Reduced Rates.

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TO drive out Influenza, Malarious, Intermittent, and Bilious Fevers from Bombay and other Presidencies by the use of

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS.

Mr. P. B. PRESS, Proprietor, Fort Coach Factory:—"I have found BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE highly efficacious, after having tried it on several men of my factory, who were suffering from the prevailing Fever. By its use my Factory is again in working order.

Akhbar-i-Soudagar, the leading Merchants' paper, writes on the 15th March 1890—We have tried with success Dr. BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE on several workmen of our Printing Department, who were suffering from the Influenza Epidemic. We strongly recommend to the public the use of Batliwalla's Ague Mixture in cases of Influenza.

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THE INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

HIS DREADED EPIDEMIC HAS ALREADY BEEN OBSERVED IN BOMBAY, AND IN VIEW OF ITS SPREADING THROUGH INDIA IT IS WELL TO NOTE THAT WE HAVE IN

PHENACETIN-BAYER LOZENGES a simple and effective preventative and cure for Influenza.

PHENACETIN-BAYER LOZENGES have been used by the most eminent medical men in Europe for this purpose and with the best results.

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FREE FROM MERCURY.

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QUININE BITTERS—The Safest Patent Medicine.	DIGESTIVE PEARLS—The safest aperient.
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All these can be had from every Chemist & Druggists References for the same can be made to Mr. NARSILAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA, No. 7. Third. Bhoiwada, or to the Quinine Bitters Manufactoring Co., Ld., Llanelly, S. Wales.

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CLOCKS FOR TURRETS.
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The last named one is a new and novel invention which never requires winding or more accurately told, winds itself every hour. This would be a perpetual mobile if the works did not require cleaning every fourth or fifth year. Our stock of clocks is at present without rival, while the prices have been greatly reduced.

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Ladies' Tan Suede Court Shoes, Soft and durable	7	0
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COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

EVERY EVENING, from 5 to 7-30 p.m., 8 annas.
Nights, from 8-30 to 11 p.m., Re. 1.
(Unless otherwise advertised.)

CHILDREN'S MATINEE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON from 2 to 4 p.m. (only.)

WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY NIGHTS—Ladies Invitation Night—Ladies can procure Tickets free on application to the Manager at the Rink Office.

The Rink is also open for practice on MONDAYS WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAY MORNING from 7 to 10-30 a.m. To the Sessions Ladies will be admitted free, Skates 8 Annas. And on TUESDAY'S WEDNESDAY'S and SATURDAY'S from 9 a.m. to 12 noon. Admission 8 annas Skates Free.

On SATURDAY NIGHT, 19th of April,will there be a SKATING and DANCING PARTY.
Admission Re. 2. Skates Free.
Only those in Evening Dress admitted.
General Skating from 8-15 to 10.
Dancing from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight.
Men of the Army and Navy admitted only as Spectators on this Night.
Tickets now on Sale at the Rink Office.

On MONDAY, 21st APRIL, there will be a Chair-Obstacle Race of 5 laps; any competitor knocking a chair down will be disqualified.
On TUESDAY, 22nd, a Tug-of-War on Skates for Civilians of Bombay. Best two heats.
On WEDNESDAY, 23rd, One, Mill-Race for Amateur's.
On THURSDAY, 24th, a Boxing Match on Skates.
On FRIDAY, 25th, Free Invitation Night for the Officers and men of the Royal Navy, When a One-Mile Race will be competed for.
On SATURDAY, 26th, 2nd Grand Spectacular Fancy Dress Carnival for Children.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Adults, General Admission, Re. 1; Front Row of Chairs, on Sides, Re. 2; End Seats, Re. 3; Children, 8 annas.
Skates Free to all Children in Fancy Dress.
Names of Costumes should be registered, and Tickets secured without delay.
Tickets are now on sale at the Rink Office.
N.B.—Skates purchased at any other place but at the Rink; will not be allowed to be used at the Rink.

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ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.

THIS is the result of much trouble and long experience; is the never-failing specific Remedy for Cough, Cold, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Consumption, and all other Diseases of the Lungs and Chest. It contains NO OPIATE or any other injurious Drug, but is a safe and palatable preparation of purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing expectorant, demulcent, and balsamic properties. A few doses bring in control, without fail, even the most Obstinate and Chronic Diseases.

OBSERVE!
It is a powerful VOICE TONIC.
Actors, Singers, and Public Speakers will find this valuable preparation a real boon for them. IMPARTS CLEAR and SILVERY TONE to the voice; keeps the VOCAL ORGAN SONOROUS and in FULL VIGOUR, and renders it MELODIOUS.
Per Bottle. Re. 1 and Re. 1-12.
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Russia Leather Hand Bags.
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&c., &c.
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IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH & FRENCH CONFECTIONERY,
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Ave Maria (Indiana)	10 0	9 0	7 0
Birmingham Medical Journal	9 0	8 0	6 0
Cassell's Family Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Catholic Mission	3 0	2 8	2 0
Chambers' Journal	5 8	5 0	4 0
Contemporary Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Catholic World	15 0	13 0	8 0
Cornhill Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Dublin Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Dublin Review (Quarterly)	16 0	14 0	9 0
Edinburgh Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	10 0
Family Herald	4 8	4 0	3 0
Fortnightly Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Glasgow Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine	9 8	8 8	6 8
Irish Monthly	5 0	4 8	3 8
Lamp (Catholic)	5 0	4 8	3 8
Leisure Hour	4 8	4 0	3 0
Longman's Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Merry England	9 0	8 0	6 0
Marine Engineer	5 0	4 8	3 8
Macmillan's Magazine	8 8	7 8	6 0
Month	15 0	13 0	8 0
National Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Nineteenth Century	20 0	17 0	14 0
Practitioner	12 8	11 0	8 0
Provincial Medical Journal	5 8	5 0	4 8
Textile Manufacturer	10 8	9 0	
Textile Journal of Fabrics	10 0	9 0	7 0
Textile World	7 0	6 0	7 0
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N. B.—All Subscriptions must be Paid in Advance.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Lessee .....Mr. C. P. KHUTAO.
TO-NIGHT!
THE ALFRED DRAMATIC CLUB will perform for the first time,
"GAMRENI GORI."
(i.e, The Village Beauty.)
A PARSEE SOCIAL DRAMA IN 3 ACTS.
'GAMRENI GORI."—The well-known English Actress in Parsee Garb.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. "BELLAGIO," arrived from GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.
The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.
After removal from the landing sheds the Steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.
All CLAIMS must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the Steamer's arrival; otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th April, 1890.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.
THE BOMBAY SWITCHBACK RAILWAY
in complete running order will be sold by Auction as it stands on the premises, on Thursday next, the 24th instant, at 4 P. M. (if not previously disposed of)

BALMATHA WEAVING ESTABLISHMENT
AND
"BASEL MISSION" CLOTHS.
THE Undersigned have much pleasure in intimating that, owing to increased demand for the above Cloths, they have opened a Separate Department for them at No. 27, Hummum Street, where the celebrated "HAND-MADE MISSION" SHIRAK CLOTHS, TWEEDS, GINGHAMS, DAMASK and DIAMOND TABLE LINEN, &c., may be had at the same rates as from the Factory.
WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents,
Mission Industrial Establishment.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
OLD PACKING CASES FOR SALE.
THE Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victor a Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 7 lots of old Packing cases and boards now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard at Parel, where the same may be viewed on application.
All Lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of Tender.
Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 250 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the Deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender and before delivery is made.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 18th April, 1890.

A GENERAL MEETING of the FRIENDS of the late Mr. George Manson, will be held in the Port Trust Office, on MONDAY, the 21st inst. at 5-15 p.m., to consider the Report of the Committee appointed at last Meeting, and such other business as may be brought before it.
THOMAS H. GREIG,
Hon. Secy. M. M. Committee.
Bombay, 18th April, 1890.

Bombay, 14th April, 1890.
To the Rev. D. MACKICHAN, M.A., D.D.,
Vice-Chancellor,
Bombay University.
SIR,—We have the honor to request you in pursuance of Article 34 of the Byelaws of the University to CONVENE a MEETING of the SENATE to consider the question of the appointment of a Committee to enquire into, and propose modifications in the present unsatisfactory system of appointing University Examiners.
We may state that the question has already been considered by the Syndicate.
We have the honor to be Sir, your most obedient servants

Pherozeshah M. Mehta,	Kakhushro N. Kabraji,
Shanaram Narayen,	Nanabhai Rustomji Ranina,
Sharan Vithul,	Cowasji Hormusji,
Pandurang Balibhadra,	Beheramji M. Malabari,
Ghansham Nilkanth Nadkarne,	Ardesir Framji,
Maneckshа J. Taleyarkhan,	Ardesir Framji Moos,
Nagindas Tulsidas Mar-phatia,	Muncherji N. Bansji,
N. G. Chandavarker,	Abdulla Mecherali Dharamsey
Daji Abaji Khare,	H. D. Cethna,
Ardesir P. Cama,	M. G. Deshmukh,
Shantaram Vithul,	Amaram Pandurang,
K. N. Bahadurjee,	Jamshedji Pallonji Kapadia,
Cowasji Pestonji,	Javerilal U. Yajnik,
Peshotunji Muncherji,	Sorabji S. Bengali,
Bhalchandra Krishna,	M. M. Bhownuggree,
Gunputrao Bhasker,	Nanabhoy B. Jejeobhoy,
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All Descriptions and sizes in stock, to weigh from ¼ oz. to 2,500 lbs.
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Agent—F. S. PUNNETT, Bombay.

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SECOND HAND PIANOS
Taken in exchange and put in good order.

Square Piano, by Madler and Schonleber	Rs. 165
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Square Piano, by Soundy.....	" 500
Sympathetic Square Piano, by Schiedmayer and Soehne.....	" 650
Cottage Piano, by Marcks and Co.....	" 550
Semigrand, by Broadwood.....	" 475
Semigrand, by Schiedmayer and Sons.....	" 900
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Please Address—
MARCKS & CO., Ld.,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
1.—HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to Seven Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.
GEORGE OLIVER, Secretary.
N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED 1834.
LOW RATES OF PREMIUM
REDUCED BY
ANNUAL CASH BONUSES.
No other Company in India can render such Record of Substantial Cash Bonuses paid Annually to its Policy-holders for a period of Half a Century.
KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay Branch.
1st May 1889.

A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Vigour, Exhausted Vitality, Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249 High Holborn, LONDON.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
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CONTAMINATIONS
of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the cause from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. H. PRICE Rs.14 postage, extra.

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scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No ade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

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STEPHENS' INKS.—If you want to buy STEPHENS' GENUINE INKS of every description, go to HUSSUNALLY ABDOOLALLY'S Bombay Stationary Mart, Victoria Buildings, opposite *Times of India* Buildings.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

FOUND.—A JAPAN POODLE, Black and White, straying in Foras Road. Owner can have the same by paying expenses.—Apply to "X. Y. Z.," care of this office.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Peroshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

COME AND SEE!—Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

TRICYCLES and BICYCLES of good Coventry Make. Latest Patterns and Styles.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

NEPEAN HOUSE, Malabar Hill, TO BE LET, furnished for 1 or 2 months from May. APPLY PRYCE WELDON, Messrs. Grindlay, Groom & Co.

PIANOFORTES, On Hire or Hire Purchase, the largest Stock to select from, and the best for the climate of India.
SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

COLLARD and COLLARD PIANOS, at the Makers' Prices, specially made to our order for India.
SOUNDY & Co., Ld.,

AUCTION SALE of Colonel Pemberton's Valuable Household Furniture, at No. 20, Marine Lines, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

WHAT can you buy Cheaper than a Wine Glass for one anna or Soda Glass for 2 annas every one say? SHROFF BROTHERS are cheapest in Crockery, Cutlery, Plated-ware, Fancy Goods, and Toys.

ON VIEW.—Mr. W. Richardson's valuable Furniture by M. Wimbridge, Plated-ware, Billiard Table, Piano, &c., at Breach Candy, opposite "Scandal Point."

AN Iron-framed SQUARE PIANOFORTE, of STUTTGART MAKE, almost new, and in perfect order. To be sold Today (Saturday), the 19th inst. at 2 P. M.) without reserve. At Messrs. Bennett's Auction Rooms, Bombay.

WANTED.—A qualified, experienced MIDWIFE for the Parsee Lying-in Hospital. Apply with testimonials to DR. TEMULJEE BHICAJEE NARIMAN, Fort.

WANTED MASTER-MARINER, to take charge of a small Steamer plying in the Red Sea. Must be young and active; teetotaller preferred. Apply with testimonials to B., care of this paper.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents. (Established 1871.) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN." *Bombay Gazette* Office.

GYMKHANA HUNT SKY RACES.—Tickets for Admission to the Grand Stand and enclosures on 12th, 16th and 19th April 1890 can be obtained from LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., Byculla.

STEAM-LAUNCH.—"VICTORIA." This Fine New Launch is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS to Elephanta and other places of pleasure resort in the Bombay Harbour. For Terms apply to THOMAS COOK & SON, 13, Rampart Row.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S GIRLS' SCHOOL, BYCULLA.—Wanted immediately a First Assistant MISTRESS, age from 26 to 35, European with certificate from English Training College. Apply sending copies of testimonials to Head Mistress.

TO LET.—PREMISES in Rampart Row, opposite Watson's Hotel, Suitable for an Office or Shop. Apply to THOS. COOK and Son, Rampart Row.

FURNISHED BUNGALOW TO BE LET for Six Months, from 1st May next. Also the use of two horses and a carriage for the keeping. For terms, &c., apply to F. BOZZONI, Middle Colaba.

TO LET.—Second floor and two newly built shops of House, No. 6, Hornby Row, Fort. Apply next door to FURDOONJEE MERWANJEE BANAJEE.

TO LET LARGE ROOMS WITH BATH-room and small Verandah Westerly breeze. Apply to ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE, Albert Building.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is the most central, comfortable and fashionable Hotel on the hill. Rooms are bright, airy and open to westerly breeze. Terms moderate.

MATHERAN, GRANVILLE HOTEL, recently built near Gymkhana, occupies unrivalled situation, commanding extensive views. Bright Airy rooms, not low-pitched as found at other hotels.

GLUTEN & JAMBOUL Biscuits Charcoal BISCUITS, Bran Biscuits to order. PEARSE, Church Gate Street, Fort.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest designs made and kept ready, Chuckla No. 6.

THE new Improved Celestinas with 2 Rolls of Music and Case complete, Rs. 80; also extra Music on hand. STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

HUCKABACK TOWELS.—Pure Linen 37" × 20", Belfast make. A special Line. Remarkably cheap, Rs. 10 per doz.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY, Lockets, Bracelets, Pins, Rings, Charms, Pen and Pencils, Brooches, &c., &c. MORENAS and Co., General Merchants.

PORTABLE or SEMI-FIXED ENGINES 8 to 16 H.P., Horizontal and Vertical Engines 3 to 30 H.P., in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Sole Agent, Ransome, Sims and Jeffries, Marine Street, Bombay.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ballwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to DR. H. L. BALLWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillips and Co., at Re. 1 each.

HORSE FOOD.—A thoroughly clean, wholesome, and very cheap food is prepared by BAPTY BROTHERS, Ld., Delivered ready for use Prices on application.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 23, Medows Street, Bombay.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

ESTABLISHED 1849.
J. & R. SHORROCK,
BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES
DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,
Manufacture Specialities in
PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,
COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY.
Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,
Estimates and Drawings on Application.

NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT

TO Architects, Contractors, Dock Companies, Mill Owners, Railway Companies, Ship Owners and all who are desirous of obtaining a reliable and durable Paint, THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON (the original Patentees of White Zinc Paint) beg to inform the above that "HUBBUCK'S GENUINE PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT AND OILS" can always be obtained of the undermentioned well known Firms in Bombay. This Paint has successfully stood the test of all climates for many years, and has an ever increasing demand; it is far superior in pureness of colour, in body, in fineness, and lasting properties to any other Paint; retains its color, and when mixed with HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL does not crack or blister, and is not effected by atmospheric changes, salt water, or gas). THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON knowing the importance of such a Paint as the above, trust their Friends will continue to use this world-renowned HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT, the quality of which never varies

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
THOS. HUBBUCK & SON desire to call attention to their special PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL. This OIL is paler than Raw Linseed Oil and therefore does not discolor White or other delicate colors. By their patent process all the fatty matter (which renders Paint non-drying and sticky) is extracted making the Paint mixed with this Oil dry quickly with a perfectly hard and smooth surface, prevents blistering, and is therefore consequently much more durable. This Oil has been successfully in use for many years in China, Japan, the West Indies, the Straits Settlements, Burmah, &c. One trial will show the importance of this Oil in a climate like India, and will cause it to become in general demand through India. THOS. HUBBUCK & SON ship only GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE, and therefore, trust their friends will see when ordering HUBBUCK'S PAINTS that they also get HUBBUCK'S GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE. Good Paint is destroyed by using an inferior Oil.

J. FISCHER and Co., 21 Hummum Street.
JOSEPH SOARES, Elphinstone Circle.
D. K. DADY & Co.
H. SHAIK ADAM and Co., Church Lane.
E. A. KURRIM, Apollo Road.
K. E. KURWA, and Sons Abdool Rahmon Street.
SHALLABHOY TYEBJEE and Co., Apollo Road.
NUZEKALLY SURRAFALLY, Jumma Musjid.
A. M. HASSANALLY, Abdool Rahmon Street.
ESSOOFALLY SUMSOODIN, Jumma Musjid.
CHANDABHOY RAJBHOY & Co.
MAHOMEDBHAI ABDOOL HOOSEIN.
&c, &c.
THOS. HUBBUCK and SON, (ESTABLISHED 1765.)
Manufacturers, Patent White Zinc, Genuine WHITE Lead, Genuine Red Lead, Colors, Varnishes etc.
(OIL BOILERS AND REFINERS)
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES—24 LIME St. E.C.
FACTORY AND WHARF—RATCLIFF, LONDON, E.

MACKAY AND COMPANY.
WE have PURCHASED the WHOLE STOCK in TRADE of Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. of their shop No. 2, in Abdool Rehman Street, opposite the Arthur Crawford Market, and replenished the same with fresh Goods from Europe of the best and latest description.
The Dispensing Department has been placed under a duly qualified superintendent, the medicine being of the very best quality.
Prompt and careful attention will be paid to all orders for patent and domestic medicines, sick-room remedies, diatetic preparations, Invalid appliances, and to orders from Bombay, and up-country Contingents and Dispensaries, at very moderate Prices.
We solicit the patronage of the Public, and beg to say that all orders will receive our prompt attention.
MACKAY and Co.,
Chemists, Druggists and General Merchants.
Bombay, 2nd Abdool Rehman Street, opposite the Arthur Crawford Market.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Fort. Tenders will be received not later than noon on TUESDAY next, at the Chief Store keeper's Office, Parel.
S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

THE MAHABLESHWAR AND POONA LIVERY STABLE COMPANY, LD.
COMFORTABLE CARRIAGES and good TONGAS can be obtained on Hire from Poona direct and from Wathar.
Immediate application to be made in Bombay to Messrs. CUMOO JAFFER SULEMAN & Co., and at Poona to his Agent Messrs. COOVERJEE ARDESEER & Co., East Street.

A MINING ENGINEER, thoroughly experienced in the Brazels and Africa, in the prospecting for Diamonds and other Precious Stones, would undertake to prospect on Private or Public Lands, on a Salary and Commission. Highest references given. Apply
G. JACKSON, M. E.,
Good Hope Hotel, Kemberley, South Africa,
or to the office of this paper.

NOTICE.
I DO hereby give notice that from the 18th instant till the end of May next, any DOGS FOUND STRAYING in the STREETS or beyond the enclosures of the house of the Owners of such Dogs will be DESTROYED in accordance with the provisions of Section CXVI of Act XIII of 1856.
W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police,
Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 17th April, 1890.

WHITE & CO.,
GENERAL CLEARING, FORWARDING, AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
UMBALLA AND SAHARUNPORE.
Agents—Messrs. SYDNEY, CARLETON and Co., Bombay WHEATLY THOMAS and Co., Calcutta.
N. B.—Railway Receipt should be sent to us direct with instructions as to mode of transit to address.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
1. Tenders are invited for the supply of PETTY STORES and MATERIALS for the Bombay Defences Division, Military Works, of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.
2. Tenders which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 30, as earnest money will be received at noon, on Friday, the 25th April, 1890.
3. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.
JAMES DALLAS, Captain, R. E.,
Ex. Engr., Bombay Defences.
Bombay Defences Office, Middle Colaba, 16th April, 1890.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
1. TENDERS are invited for ANNUAL PETTY REPAIRS in the Bombay Defences Division, Military Works, of which full particulars may be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.
2. Tenders which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 50 as earnest money will be received at noon on FRIDAY, the 25th April, 1890.
3. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.
JAMES DALLAS,
Captain, R. E.
Executive Engineer, Bo. Defences.
Bombay Defences Office, Middle Colaba, 16th April, 1890

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
ASHES FOR SALE.
THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY, 23rd instant, Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 11 lots of Ashes, now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard, at Parel and at Byculla Depot, where the same may be viewed on application.
All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of Tender.
Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 250, as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and before delivery is made.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 16th April, 1890

LIST of ESTATES to which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the Administrator General and of Estates which have come under his charge.
WILLIAM AUGUSTUS Glazebrook, late of No. 14 Mount street, in the city of Manchester.
FRANK JOHN WISE, a Lieutenant Colonel in the Bombay Staff Corps and late of Acting Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
JOSEPH HENRY ALLEN, late of Sukker.
GEORGE FITZ AUSTIN GAVIN, late a Captain in H. M's. 6th B-mbay Cavalry, Quetta.
ARTHUR ROWLEY HEYLAND, late Colonel commanding H. M's 1st Bombay Lancers, Deesa.
GEORGE SKOLL, late a Permanent Way Inspector in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company.
ZARA, woman, late of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitant.
All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 11th April 1890.
L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator General.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, Albert Building, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th April 1890, at 3 p.m.
(1) To receive Directors' and Auditors' Reports for year ending 31st December 1889.
(2) To elect a Director and Auditors.
(3) To declare a Dividend.
(4) To submit Consulting Actuary's Valuation Report on the Assets and Liabilities of the Company, to 31st December 1889.
(5) To transact any other Business which may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
Albert Building Bombay, 31st March 1890.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.
Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879. His Highness the Khan of Kelat.
MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, to avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
BOARHOUNDS	£20 "
BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
FOX TERRIERS	£10 "
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 "
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 "
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£20 "

Apply
MR. CHAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,
Lanark Villas, Maida Vale London.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late [illegible] Esq., Bombay Civil Service, Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Calcutta, Rs. 1-12 postage extra.

MARCKS & CO., LD
DIAMONDS.

WE are glad to acquaint our friends and the public at large that we have secured, about eight months ago, a large and very fine parcel of white Brilliants, justly named

"THE QUEEN OF GEMS,"

and as the value of Diamonds is to-day nearly 25 per cent. more than it was at the time we obtained them, we propose dividing with any purchaser the difference between buying and selling, so that an excellent opportunity is offered to obtain the finest Diamonds at the lowest price.

The following are always in stock of great variety:—

Solid Country

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly. Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN MARCH					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	4 pr. ct.	Rs. 930
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	260
Bank of Madras	10,000	100	all	5 pr. ct.	230
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Chas. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	40,000	£125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	170

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,150
Albert Ginning & Manufacturing Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Hurrychund)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700x
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	240
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 44	383xd
Bombay Cotton Broach Cawnpore Co. Ltd.	1,400	125	125	20	140
Colaba	500	230	200	16	9
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,220
English Press and Manfg. Co. Ltd.	400	250	...	...	185
Fort	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,150
French	300	500	all	50	520
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	60	400
Khanagum	240	450	450	45	417
Krishnadpur Cotton Co. and P. Co. Ltd.	300	500	500	pr. ct.	60
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Nil.	87
Motuseli Co	3,125	400	400		435
Munnar M	1,000	25	all	25	1
New Beroar	1,200	50	500	45	50
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11	87½
Prince of Wales	800	500	800	40	345
Sabapathy (Bellasrry	500	500	500	60	500
Samson	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Panjab Co	100	1,100	1,000	25	1,150
Sutlej	600	3,000	750	50	490
Vulkan	...	1,000	all	60	615

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G I P R. Gt pr ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
S. M. & C. I. R. Guarant ced 5 per cent.	...	£ 10	...	at 5 p.c	220

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alfred Manufacture	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100 Nil.
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	Nil.	940
Albert Edward Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil.	190xd
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	Nil.	62
Bellary S & W Co. Ld (Bellary)	871	500	all	25	50
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	630
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	600	500	500	20	300
Central India	3,750	500	500	45	570
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	40	810
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	535
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	10	6 0
Coorla Mills	800	1,00	1,00	40	425
David Mill	1,400	500	500	15	480
Dhan Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	300
Empress	2,100	500	all	15	500
Framjee Pettit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	115
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	730
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	750
Howard and Bullough	1,500	50	500	15	490
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	35	690xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil.	350
Indian Manfg.	600	1,000	1,000	50	890xd
James Greaves	1,110	500	500	15	510
Jaffer Alli	600	50	500	Nil.	350
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	7½	242½
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	815
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	550
Khangam Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 no n
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	520
Leopold	3,500	100	100	5	149
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	705
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,850xd
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9 pr. ct.	500 no n
Manockjee Pettit	4,000	1,000	all	50	1,130
Mazagon	3,000	250	250	Nil.	87½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	75	1,565
Mahar Mysore & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	250
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	625	10	660
Oriental	1,000	250	250	Nil.	65
Peoples or Imperial Mills	743	1,000	1,000	50	900
Presidency Mills Co (Ltd.)	800	500	500	25	1,590
Sassoon	1,800	1,00	1,000	60	1,235
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	87
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	450
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	115
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	25	124	275
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	255
Star of India	1,000	1,00	1,000	40	560
Standard Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	355
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil.	375
Queen Mills	675	1,000	1,000	50	725
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	920xd

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	{1,000 750	200 150	200 150	Rs. 15 Rs. 7½	200 150
Badhamp ile & Co. Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bapty Co. Ld.	625	00	185	Nil.	62½
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld	...	...	...	6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co	750	500	500	10 p.c.	725
Bombay Ice Co. Ld	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	81
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	160	Rs. 180	3,250
Do Ord Issue	2,000	60	45	Rs. 45	830
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	105
City Landale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	...	...	...
Cooper Macadon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs	8
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	167½
Geyser & Co. Ld.	500	10	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Surety-ship As	5,000	10	10	10 p.c.	1
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Ld	12,000	2	2		4½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	25	250	Rs. 10	10
Kemp & Co. Ld	4,000	20	175	Rs. 20	360
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	0	100	Rs. 10	70
Napier Hotel Co	300	10	100	13 p.c.	7
Do Foundry	500	100	100	...	6
Oriental Gov't. Security Life Ass	5,000	200	50	10 p.c	205
Oriental Loan Asso	5,000	20	20	8 p.s	2½
Port Canning Co	6,000	000	1,000	Rs. 20	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,000	100	100	5	50
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	93
Scundy & Co., Ld	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	10½
Southwell and Austin	1,000	...	20	...	8½
Telephone and Co., Ld.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	11½
Treacher and Co., Ld	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,225
Thacker & Co., Ld	1,500	100		Rs. 10	13½
Western India Flour	600	1	12	Nil.	35
T M Mody & Co					80
Bhopal Agency					
City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

CALENDAR.—APRIL 1890.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon ..... April 12th, 0h 56·8m p.m.
First Quarter ..... „ 27th, 9h 42·9m a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sunrise. H.	M.	Sunset. H.	M.	High Water. H.	M.	Low Water. H.	M.
Sat. 19	Bombay Gymkhana Races. Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m. Exhibition Poor Boys' Seminary, F. G. A.'s Institution, Khotwadi. Distribution of Prizes, Mody Gymnasium, by Mr. Justice Bayley. (Rear compound of Elphinstone High School), 4-30 p.m.	5	45	6	18	11 36m 11 34 a	5	4m 5 27 a	
Sun. 20	Meeting of Mill Hands, RaceCourse, 6 p.m. 1st Sunday after Easter. Sailed mail steamer for Aden, &c. "Rosetta."	5	43	6	18	0 15 a	5	39m 6 5 a	
Mon. 21	"Rest Gottar" Defamation Case. Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	5	39	6	18	0 8m 0 51 a	6	13m 6 41 a	
Tu. 22	Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.	5	36	6	19	0 41m 1 26 a	6	46m 7 16 a	
Wed. 23	Mody Gymkhana Shooting, 5 p.m. Colaba Land and Mill Co., 4 p.m. Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.	5	32	6	19	1 13m 1 2 a	7	18m 7 52 a	
Thr. 24	Prize Distribution, Byculla School, by Justice Birdwood, 4 p.m. Municipal Defamation Case, 3 p.m. Sale of Switchback Railway (on the premises), 4 p.m.	5	27	6	19	1 43m 2 13 a	7	49m 8 30 a	
Fri. 25	Departure of the English Mail per s.s. Assam.	5	23	6	20	2 15m 2 56 a	8	19m 9 16 a	

Lo[illegible] the Number of Days.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

	Maximum Rate. Rs.	a.	p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—			
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	2	6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	1	9
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0	4	0
Do. (round), per lb	0	1	6
Meat for soup, per lb	0	1	6
Shins, large, each	0	4	0
Do. small, each	0	3	0
Tongues, fresh, each	0	3	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	0
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	3	0
Heart, each	0	1	6
Kidneys, each	0	1	3
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	2	0
Oxtail, each	0	2	6
Sirloin, per lb	0	3	
Fore Ribs, each	0	3	
Beef Salt, English per lb	0	10	
MUTTON—	1st Sort.	2nd	Qt.
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0	0	9
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0 3 6		6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2	0	2 6
Breast, large, each	0 2	0	2 0
Do. small, each	0 [illegible]	...	
Head, each	0 0	0	1 0
Kidneys, each	0 0	0	3 0
Suet, per lb	0 0		
PORK FRESH AND SALT—			
Pork Fresh, per lb	0	4	0
Pork Salt, country, per lb	0	4	0
Pigs (Roasted), each	3	8	0
Do. Head, per lb	0	2	0
Sausages, per lb	0	4	0
Bacon, per lb	0	4	0
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fry, per set	0	6	0
Do. Lard, per	0	6	0
Do. Boiled L[illegible]h, per lb.	1	0	0
Pork, Salt, Eg[illegible]h, per lb.	0	8	0
BREAD—			
Loaves, 1st s[illegible] 13 oz., each	0	1	9
Do. 2nd [illegible]rt, 13 oz., each	0	1	6
Do. bu[illegible]n, each	0	2	0
Flour, W[illegible]eat, per seer	0	1	3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	0
Rolong[illegible]st sort, per seer	0	1	3
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	0
Biscu[illegible]s, Poona, per lb	0	4	0
„ Bombay, per lb	0	2	0
„ Poona, mixed, per lb	0	4	0
Sour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0	0	8
FIREWOOD—			
Coal, Europe, per ton	22	0	0
Charcoal, country, per maund	0	9	0
Babool, per candy	5	0	0
„ per maund	0	3	0
Kurrachee Babool, per candy	5	8	0
„ „ per maund	0	3	0
Aine, per candy	5	8	0
„ per maund	0	3	3
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	4	0	0
„ „ „ per maund	0	3	6
Kurmell, per candy	5	0	0
„ per maund	0	3	0
Khaire, per candy	7	0	0
„ per maund	0	4	0
Hay, 100 lbs.	0	13	0
GHEE—			
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0	6	0
Ghautee, 1st sort, per seer	0	5	0
„ Jaffrabad, per seer	0	6	0
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0	6	0
„ common, country, per bottle	0	1	3
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0	14	0
MILK AND BUTTER—			
Cow's Milk, per seer measure	0	2	6
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure	0	2	0
„ Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.	0	1	6
Jagree „ per maund	2	4	0
Butter, English, per tin	1	4	0
GRAIN—			
Wheat, 1st sort, per pharra	4	8	0
Do. 2nd sort, per pharra	4	0	0
Do. 3rd sort, per pharra	3	8	0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per pharra	3	8	0
Mutt, Ghautee, per pharra	3	4	0
Bajree, Bhownuggur, per pharra	4	0	0
Rice, Jerasal, 1st sort	6	8	0
Do. 2nd sort, per pharra	5	8	0
Do. Common, per pharra	4	4	0
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. pharra	6	0	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, pr. pharra	5	0	0
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per pharra	2	0	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per pharra	1	8	0
Barley (new), per pharra	2	4	0
Do. (old) do.	2	0	0
Oats, per pharra	3	4	0
Jowaree or Cholum or Jonaloo, per pharra	4	4	0
Dholl, per pharra	2	8	0
Maize, per pharra	4	4	0
Moong, per pharra	5	4	0
Do. Dall, per pharra	3	4	0
Mussoor, per pharra	3	12	0
Do. Dall, per pharra	2	12	0
Nachni or Ragwy, per pharra	3	4	0
Peas, per pharra	3	0	0
Toor, per pharra	5	0	0
„ Dall, 1st sort	4	4	0
„ „ 2nd sort	3	8	0
Wal Beans, of sorts, per pharra	3	8	0
Warree or Veragoo, per pharra	3	4	0
Kong, per pharra	3	4	0
OIL—			
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund	3	12	0
„ 2nd sort, per maund	3	10	0
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund	4	6	0
„ 2nd sort, per maund	4	0	0
Linseed Oil, per maund	4	0	0
Castor Oil, per maund	4	10	0
Kerosine Oil, common, per tin	2	1	0
SUGAR—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0	10	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	8	0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	2	0
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0	1	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0	1	3
Do. do. brown, per seer	0	1	9
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0	1	9
Tea, Hill, per lb	0	14	0
Do. 1st sort, per lb	0	10	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	8	0
Sago, per seer	0	1	6
VEGETABLES—			
Onions, per seer	0	0	3
Carrots, per seer	0	0	6
Cellery, large, each	0	1	3
Lettuces, each	0	0	9
Beet, large, each	0	1	6
Beet, small	0	0	9
Radishes, white, per dozen	0	2	9
Tomatoes, per seer	0	0	6
French Beans, per seer	0	1	6
Knol Khol, per dozen	0	12	0
Brinjals Bombay, per dozen	0	6	0
Pumpkins, large, each	0	8	0
Do. small, each	0	5	0
Cocoanuts, whole per 100	4	8	0
Do. shelled, per maund	5	0	0
Betelnut, per maund	5	0	0
Do. leaf, per 100	0	2	0
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0	0	9
PICKLES, COUNTRY—			
Mango, per seer	0	1	0
Lime, per seer	0	1	3
ixed, per seer	0	0	9
Papads, large, per seer	0	1	3
„ small, per seer	0	1	3
Salt, 1st sort, per seer	0	0	11
Salt, 2nd sort	0	0	9
POULTRY—			
Geese, each	4	0	0
Turkey Cocks (very large), each	7	0	0
„ Hens, each	4	0	0
Chickens, large, each	0	6	

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

APRIL 18.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Amoor route interrupted.
Moulmein route to Siam interrupted.
Turkish route interrupted beyond Fao.
Telegrams in code or cypher for Khartoum (Porto Novo), on the West Coast of Africa, are prohibited.

INFLUENZA has attacked the workmen at the Kidderpur Docks. Out of some 5,000 labourers about a hundred men are suffering, but the progress of the work, it is hoped, will not be hindered.

A PARIS correspondent telegraphs :—M. Millerand has had an interview with M. de Freycinet, in the course of which he called his attention to the abuses prevalent in disciplinary companies in the army. He showed that these things are not exaggerated in "Biribi," the novel of his client, M. George Darien, who would certainly have been prosecuted if Maitre Millerand's other client, the author of "Les Sous Off," had not been acquitted the other day. M. de Freycinet, desiring nothing more than to render the army worthy of its mission, promised to look into the evils laid bare in "Les Sous Off" and "Biribi."

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a pe uliar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sessions, 10 a.m.
Second Criminal Races.
Bombay Gymkhana, Mody Bay Gymnasium, by Distribution of Prizes, 4-30 p.m.
Mr. Justice Scoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.
Music at the Exhibition, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Industrial Ring Rink.
Columbia

ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Oriental (s), from Calcutta ; Hindoo Vessel Yeakoob Maudvi ; Satara (s), Persian Gulf ; (s)/(s), Aden.
H.M.'s Sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Nadir (s), for Calcutta, &c. ; Pekin (s), Aden, &c. ; and Northgate (s), Madras.

BOMBAY SOROSIS CLUB.—A meeting of the Bombay Sorosis Club will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.—The Bishop of Bombay will preach in the Cathedral to-morrow evening.

THE LATE MR. MANSON.—A general meeting of the friends of the late Mr. George Manson is to be held on Monday evening, at the Port Trust office, at 5-15, to consider the report of the Memorial Committee.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, direct per extra s.s. Baghdad, will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p. m. to-day.

MODY BAY GYMNASIUM.—An exhibition of the Mody Bay Gymnasium and distribution of prizes to pupils will be held to-day at 4-30 p. m. in the rear compound of the Elpinstone High School. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley will preside.

MISSING PROPERTY.—Fakroodeen Kumroodeen, residing at Null Bazaar Road, reports that he forgotfully left in a rekiah (number not known) a red silk saree and a *cholee*, valued at Rs. 25, on the 16th instant.

LOST DIAMONDS.—Poonumchund Gokaldas, residing at Kalbadevie Road, reports having dropped from his pocket, a small packet containing four diamonds, valued at Rs. 62, somewhere between his residence and Shaik Memon Street, on the 15th instant.

THE INDUSTRIAL ART EXHIBITION.—In our issue of yesterday it was stated that the Exhibition would close this evening. From an advertisement it will be seen that it has been arranged to keep it open one day more, and that to-morrow will be the closing day.

MARATHA AYKYA.—THE third annual general meeting of the Maratha Aykya Ichak Sabha will be held to-morrow at 2-30 p.m., in Kadusker's Mahajanwadi, near the Osmercarry Post Office. Mr. Ellappa Balaram, J. P., will preside.

SIR DINSHAWJI M. PETIT KANDA MOHOLLA AND BHARUCHA MOHOLLA LIBRARY.—The annual general meeting of the members and subscribers of this institution will be held to-morrow, at 3 p.m., in the library hall, when Mr. Framji Dinshawji Petit, the chairman of the managing committee, will preside.

THRUSTING A SPEAR DOWN THE THROAT.—On the morning of the 14th instant, a Brahmin resident of the Wadhwan Civil Station, was arrested for stealing cotton and was taken to the Chief Constable's office. While inquiry was going on there he, in the presence of the Chief Constable and all other present, managed to get hold of a spear which lay in a corner and thrust it down his throat. It was, however, taken out, and the man was sent to the hospital. —*Kathiawar Times.*

A PARSEE AMONG SALVATIONISTS.—Shapoorjee Heerjeebhoy, a Parsee lad, was yesterday placed before Mr. Richardson at the Esplanade Police Court, by Inspector Wilson, for having conducted himself in a disorderly manner in a public place. On Thursday evening the accused entered the rooms of the Salvation Army at Dhobie Talao, and disturbed the service by passing unpleasant remarks on the proceedings. Being removed by a policeman outside the building, Shapoorjee struck him, and was in consequence fined Rs. 5 by the Magistrate.

GENERAL MEETING OF THE MILL OPERATIVES.—The operatives of all the mills in Bombay are hereby informed in a circular which has been distributed amongst them that the mill-owners have resolved at their meeting of the 31st March last, to close their mills for eight days in the month, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July next. To represent their grievance at this resolution by means of a petition to the Mill-Owners' Association, it has been resolved to hold a general meeting of the mill operatives on the 20th April at 9 a.m., at the Race Course, near the Mahaluxmi station.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens this evening, commencing at 5-45 p.m. :—

Overture	Lancing	Clarke.
Dance	Du Tambourin	Boggetti.
Waltz	Estudiantina	Waldteufel.
Fantasia	Paul Jones	Plaquette.
Song	Return and Stay	W. E. Allen.
Waltz	Eldorado	T. P. Royle.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.—Yesterday at a sitting of the Court, the case of Dosabhoy Pallonjee Mody against Hawabai, daughter of Cursetjee Jamsetjee Mehta, was heard before Mr. Justice Birdwood and delegates. Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane, Edgelow, and Heming, appeared for the petitioner, who prayed for a divorce on the ground of the respondent's adultery with the co-respondent. There was no appearance for either of the latter. The case was, on the application of the petitioner's counsel, heard with closed doors. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Court passed a decree nisi for a divorce in favour of the petitioner.

DISTURBANCE AT A NATIVE SINGING HOUSE.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Assanah Soormajee, a Cammatee contractor, was charged before Mr. P. Ryan with disorderly behaviour in a public place at Moogbhat. It appears that on Thursday night last he created a disturbance at a singing house, kept by a woman named Yessoo, at Moogbhat, when the police had to be called, and accused was arrested and taken in custody. On two previous occasions the accused was made over to the police for creating a disturbance in the same house, when he promised not to go there and molest Yessoo again. Assanah Soormajee was convicted and fined Rs. 5, and further ordered to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 50 to keep the peace for a period of six months.

A SALVATION ARMY SOLDIER ROBBED.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Inspector Cobb charged a labourer named Pandoo Luximon before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing a watch, valued at Rs. 15, the property of Mootanand Hudson, a member of the Salvation Army, from his residence at the Prison Brigade Quarters of the Salvation Army on Ripon Road, on Thursday morning last. The accused, it appears, was a frequent visitor at the quarters of the complainant. On Thursday morning, at about 10 o'clock, shortly after Pandoo left complainant's premises the watch in question was missed. A report was made to the police who arrested Pandoo on suspicion. Pandoo, shortly after his arrest, admitted having committed the theft, and produced the watch from a place underground where he had buried it. Pandoo Luximon, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

CHARGE OF DEFAMATION AND ASSAULT.

CHARLES EDWARD PATTESON, a mill engineer, yesterday appeared before Mr. Richardson, the Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, and made an application to his Worship that a cross-summons might be issued against Mrs. Walshe, the manageress of the Frere Hotel, for having assaulted him, and made use of defamatory statements, on the 8th instant. Mr. Patteson informed the Magistrate that the story which Mrs. Walshe made on her applying for the summons against him was false, and he could produce the servants of the establishment, who would testify to that effect. The engineer, also informed his Worship that he had been assaulted on the 8th instant prior to his leaving, and had been accused by Mrs. Walshe of having participated in the theft of Rs. 800, which she had missing from her rooms. Another complaint against him was that he had made away with the clothes of another lodger, which were alleged by Mrs. Walshe to have been found in his rooms. Mr. Patteson in answer to his Worship as to why he did not appear in answer to the summons that had been issued against him, informed the magistrate that owing to the press of work in his present position he had found it impossible to attend the Court. A summons for defamation and assault was accordingly granted by the Court.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 19.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

53-89—Conroy and B—Gopibai vs Lukhmidas Khimji—Jefferson, B D and K—Part heard.
685-89—Wadia and G—Shivoarayen Muthurudas vs C A Boyts and others—Little, S F and N.
698-63—M H Khan, for pauper—Fuzloodin bin Cumroodin Nowrungay vs Aishabai and others—Ardesir, H and D.

Defended New Long Causes.

693-89—Roughton and B—E B Angelo vs A A Angelo —Crawford, B B and B.
52-90—Roughton and B—E B Angelo vs A A Angelo —Crawford B B and B.

Postponed Long Causes.

175-89—Ardeshir, H and D—Ebrahimbhoy Peermahomed and others vs. Peerbhoy Esoobjee and another—Jefferson, B D and K, and W and G
448-88—Chitnis, M and M—Abba bin Baba Saheb Bhisley vs. Rahimtoola Dewraj and others.—Payne, G and S.

AMERICA is a land of marvels. From that country comes a story which seems to show a curious condition of the marriage laws, of a woman who boasts, and can prove, that she has been married nine times since 1867 ! Three of her husbands are dead and five divorced, and to the ninth she has been but quite recently married. "Bing King Hall" is out of it.

THE BOMBAY TRACT AND BOOK SOCIETY.

THE annual meetings of the Bombay Tract and Book Society and of the Bombay Auxiliary to the British and Foreign Bible Society were held on Thursday evening in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Apollo Bender.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Birdwood occupied the chair, and called upon the Rev. E. S. Hume, Joint Secretary, to read the report of the Bible Society, a summary of which is as follows :—

In the report the Committee stated that there had been progress and, in some departments, marked progress, over the results of previous years. The revised Gujerati New Testament had been published during the year and had been received with great favour. The Gujerati Translation Sub-Committee were now just beginning the greater and no less important undertaking of revising the Gujerati Old Testament. The Marathi Translation Sub-Committee also had made progress in its work. Special mention was made of an edition of the Marathi New Testament with headings to paragraphs, which had been issued during the year; also of the beginning of work on a pocket edition of the New Testament. Two hundred and twenty Bibles, New Testaments, and Scripture portions had been presented to the successful students in the University examinations, in connection with the companion volumes supplied by the Religious Tract Society, while the sales of Scriptures and Scripture portions had amounted during the year, in round numbers, to 40,000, which was an increase of 14 per cent. over the sales of 1888, and nearly double the number of copies sold two years ago. There had been a slight increase in the amount of subscriptions, although it was still far smaller than used to be received a few years ago. In addition to Scriptures of the value of £34 15s. 4d., the parent Society last year gave them a money grant of £522 in aid of the colportage and general operations of the Auxiliary. During the year the Committee had in their employ fifteen colporteurs, and the proceeds from the sales effected by them amounted to Rs. 910·0·5 ; the amount paid to them in salaries, commission and travelling expenses was Rs. 2,485-13-1. The copies or portions sold by the Colporteurs was more than in the previous year by 6,632, the largest number, namely, 4,260, having been sold by the colporteurs at Bhaundara. The total receipts for the year, exclusive of the balance of the preceding year, were Rs. 12,663-9-10, while the total expenditure was Rs. 10,434-14-6. The committee's report also contained a suitable reference to the death of Mr. Manson, who had been a member of the committee for nine years and a vice-president for three years. Mr. Manson always took a warm interest in the work of the Society, and during his

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & RESTOWS STREETS.

SALE OF A VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT PAREL ROAD AND NEAR THE WEST OF THE GRAND TRUNK ROAD STATION.

On FRIDAY, the 2nd day of May, 1890, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Jamsetjee Eanaba, and at the risk of the mortgagor Mrs. Anne Hemingway, the following valuable Landed Property, viz.:—

All that piece of Pasturage land, being a portion of Agreage situate on the east side of Parel Road in the Registration subdistrict of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 54, 55, 104, 150, 159, 207, 208, 282, and 283, new Nos. 201, 202, 204, 205, 206, and 207, and new Survey Nos. 7289, and bounded on or towards the north by the property of the heirs of the said Manekjee Eduljee Contractor, and on or towards the west by the said Parel Road, and which piece of land contains by admeasurement 688 square yards or thereabouts, together with all erections and buildings standing thereon. Abstract of title and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of Jamsetjee Eanaba, Esq., Mortgagee's Attorney on any day previous to sale and at the premises on the day of the sale.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 268 of 1889.

Wagjee Corajee.....Plaintiff.

vs.

Premjee Tricumdass.....Defendant.

Suit No. 288 of 1889.

Wagjee Corajee and Dhunjee Mowjee....Plaintiffs.

vs.

Premjee Tricumdass.....Defendants.

SALE of valuable landed properties, situate at Wadachi Gadi, Kamat Mohol, and Walkeshwar Hill, without the Fort of Bombay.

Notice is hereby given, that under the directions of Wagjee Corajee, the plaintiff in the above-named suits, and pursuant to the terms of the consent decree passed in the above suits on the 21st day of September, 1889, the immoveable properties mentioned in the said decree, and more particularly described at the foot hereof, will be put up for sale by Public Auction by Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. on the undermentioned days and respective dates mentioned at the foot hereof as the respective premises unless previously disposed of by private sale.

At 4 p. m. on MONDAY, the 5th May, 1890.
LOT No. 1.

All that piece of land, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate lying and being in the Kazi Syed Street, bearing assessment No. 31, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 712, new No. 2430, old Survey No. 519, and new Survey No. 2695, and containing by admeasurement 197 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the Coal Syed Street, on the west by the sweeper's passage on the north by the property of Gooculdass Madhowjee, and on the south by the property of Dhunjee Injee, and the said landed property has been formerly and is now in the occupation of Premjee Tricumdass.

At 4 p. m. on TUESDAY, the 6th May, 1890.
Lot No. 2.

All that piece of land, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in new Bunder Ward, at Wadachi Gadi, bearing the assessment No. 18, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 207, new No. 6188, old Survey No. 841, new Survey No. 2,250, and containing by admeasurement 213 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east and west by the public road, on the north by the house of Dadjee Narsoodas, and on the south by the house of Premjee Tricumdas, and the said property has been formerly and is now in the occupation of Premjee Tricumdas and his tenants.

At 4 p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 7th May, 1890.
Lot No 3.

All that piece of Government land, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate in the western suburbs of Bombay in the new Bunder wards, at Wadachi Gadi, bearing the assessment No. 14, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Survey No. 6135, new No. 938 new Survey No. 2265, and containing by admeasurement, 231 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by Bhaiseth Street, on the west by the Dungree, on the north by the property of Jeewan Cullian, and on the south by the property of Lilia Nowrojee, on the said property has been formerly and is now in the occupation of Premjee Tricumdas and his tenants.

AT 4 P. M. on THURSDAY, the 8th May, 1890.
LOT NO. 4.

All that piece of Government land, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in Bunder Ward, at Wadachi Gadi, without the Fort of Bombay, bearing the Municipal No. 12, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, under old No. 535, new No. 6188, old Survey No. 833, new Survey No. 2150, and containing by admeasurement 173 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the public road called the Wadachi Gadi Bunder Street, on the west by the public road called the Dungri Jao DeSouza Street, on the north by the public passage and the house of Bhaijee Nursey, and on the south by the house of Wagjee Dewjee, and the said property has been formerly and is now in the occupation of the tenants of Premjee Tricumdas.

At 4 p.m. on FRIDAY, the 9th May, 1890.
LOT NO. 5.

All that piece of Government land, together with the Bungalow and other buildings thereon, situate at Malabar Hill, bearing Assessment Nos. 32, 33, and 34, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 54, new No. 11297, old Survey No. 13, new Survey No. 7267, old No. 53, new No. 11298, old Survey No. 19, new Survey No. 7267, old No. 55, new No. 11299, and old Survey Nos. 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, new Survey No. 7267, old No. 69, new No. 11300, old Survey No. 24, new Survey No. 7267 and old No. 84, new No. 11301, old Survey Nos. 135, and new Survey No. 7267, and containing by admeasurement 2288 7-8 square yards or thereabouts, and the said property has been formerly and is now in the occupation of Premjee Tricumdas, and is bounded on the east by the Government land, on the west by the public road, on the north by the property of Nanboo Rowjee, and on or towards the south by the property of Bhaishunker Nanabhoy.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 18th April, 1890.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY, APOLLO STREET.

Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. will include in their Weekly Sale of Household Furniture THIS DAY, SATURDAY, 19th April, at 2 p.m. a Broadwood's Pianoforte to be sold off to the highest bidder, and a consignment of fresh French Confectionery comprising Desseri Fruit, Comfits, Lozenges, &c., filled with Juice and Syrup.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, April 19, 1890.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF HESSIAN CLOTH.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th inst., at 10 a.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Camao Bunder near the B.I.S.N. Company's Godowns, the following lots of Hessian cloth, belonging to Messrs. Harry Bhimjee, whothas failed to pay for and take delivery in terms of contract the undermentioned bales of Hessian Cloth.

5 bales Shamjee cloth 45 in. 14 oz. Champdany Mill remaining per s.s. Lalpura.

4 bales Hessian cloth 45 in-11 oz. Hastings Mill, remaining per s. s. Nurjehan.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required when the lots are knocked down and the goods must be paid for and removed away next day after the sale.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Tookaram Maditi Road, Tanna.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 19th April, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the undermentioned premises, by order of the owner, the following valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Tanna, and measuring in length about 199 feet, and in breadth on the north side about 35½ feet, and on the south side about 19 feet, and bounded on the east by the house of Pranjeevandas Ramdas, on the west by the house of Dadurdas Ambaidas, on the south by the vacant ground, and on the north by the public road, and assessed by the Municipality under Nos. 115 and 117.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or Grusnajee Gungadhar, vendor, at Tanna.

AUCTION SALE OF COMMISSARIAT STORES.

On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 12 noon, Messrs MENESSE & Co. will, under instructions from the Chief Commissariat Officer, sell by Public Auction at the Commissariat Stores, Town Barracks—

Unserviceable stores returned by corps, &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 19th April, 1890.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at Candawady in the cert commonly called or known by the name of Nagloowary.

Mr. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY will sale by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 4 o'clock p. m., on the premises by order of Messrs. Harrichund Purkotum and Goober Harrichund, on account and risk of Domingos Euselles Dias under the power of sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage, dated the 14th day of November 1868.

All that piece of land with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty-six square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 20, and new Survey No. 7780, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Street No. 8 situate at Candawady in the cert commonly called or known by the name of Nagloowary in the Registration District of Bombay, and bound on or towards the east by the property of Vanarjee Dadaba, on or towards the west by the passage and house of Pesu Pereira, on or towards the north by the vacant ground belonging to the Church, and on or towards the south by the house of Bapoojee Rughoonathjee and new in the occupation of the mortgagors.

Further information can be had on making enquiries of the undersigned at the office of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Bayaul, Solicitors for the vendors.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,
Bombay, April 19, 1890. Auctioneer.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1890.

Printed and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office Library Buildings, Esplanade Fort.

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES

THE THIRD of a SERIES of six Lectures, being the Wilson Philological Lectures for the year 1889-90, will be delivered in the Sir Cowrasjee Jehangir Hall of the University of Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 19th April 1890 (TO-DAY), at 5-15 p.m.

SUBJECT:—"SANSKRIT, AND THE PRAKRIT LANGUAGES DERIVED FROM IT."

LECTURER—Surgeon-Major E. R. Kirtikar.

The Lecture is open to the public.

By order,

D. MACDONALD, M.D., B.Sc., C.M.,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 19th April, 1890.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST.

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

THE EXCELSIOR BILLIARD CUSHIONS on the new PATENT LOW PRINCIPLE are now being made by BY JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., LD., and can be supplied at the same price, as those made on the old principle.

Price Lists free on application to,

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., LD.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
AND PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
13, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.

DENTAL SURGEON.

HAS REMOVED

from Medows Street to

ESPLANADE ROAD.

(next to National Bank of India)

and Malabar Hill Road.

HUTCHINSON & CO.,

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,

25, Craven Street, Charing Cross, London.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried,

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild as they are in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

* AGENTS WANTED.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES, CAREFULLY ADAPTED TO CORRECT ALL DEFECTS OF VISION. SPECTACLES vs. BLINDNESS.

THE symptoms indicating failure or irregularities of sight are frequently too long disregarded, and either from Ignorance or feeling of difference the aid demanded by nature is withheld until serious mischief has been caused to the sight often resulting in blindness.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,

OPTICIANS TO THE

PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN INDIA.

OFFICES: 41, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
3 and 4, Hare Street, Calcutta.
20 and 21, Mount Road, Madras.
And 20, Tyndale Place, London, N.

TRADE "SANITAS" MARK

DISINFECTANTS

(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),

NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST

Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84. Paris 1885. Antwerp 1886.

PAMPHLET FOR USE IN INDIA ON APPLICATO

"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times*

"Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Lancet*.

Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.

THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited,

CONTRACTORS TO H. M.'s ADMIRALTY

Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H.M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.

FIXED DEPOSITS received.

FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.

CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.

INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.

PAY and PENSIONS realised.

PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

PACKAGES landed and shipped.

NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.

ASSURANCES effected; Marine, Fire, and Life

SUPPLIES of every description procured.

Terms and particulars upon application.

London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

A LECTURE READ BY

PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER

(in pamphlet form),

Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.

Annas 2. Post free.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission, without *Life* Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.

GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.

HANDBOOKS sent free on application.
LONDON HOUSE.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
37, LEADENHALL STREET.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Northgate, 1,534 tons, Captain Wm Ransdale, sailed yesterday for Madras, in ballast.

THE Indian Marine Steamer Tenasserim entered the Government Dock on Thursday night for repairs.

THE steam-ship Akbar, 1,440 tons, Captain G J W Baldwin, cleared yesterday for Aden, Jeddah, &c., with a general cargo and 888 pilgrims.

THE steam-ship Roma, 1,673 tons, Captain Chas. Taylor, arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Volkart Brothers.

THE Coasting steam-ship Hindoo, 25 tons, Captain G J Baker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cutch Mandvi &c., with a general cargo, and 365 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Oriental, 939 tons, Captain J Forbes, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Calcutta, with a general cargo, Mr Percy Batty, as cabin and 18 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Satara, 950 tons, Captain W L Stewart, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr New, Mr. Ravenshaw, Mr and Mrs Thole, Mr Blackwell, Lieut DeBatt, Col Nicolson, 2 native gentlemen, 1 Jemedar, and one gentleman, and 197 deck passengers.

THE RUBATTINO STEAMER.—The following is the list of passengers booked per Italian mail steamer Singapore, Capt G Parodi, leaving for Naples and Genoa on Sunday, 20th instant, at 10 a m:—Major and Mrs Jenkins and child, Rev Clement J Moore, Mrs Clement J Moore, Mr and Mrs Harman, Mr and Mrs August Thoele, Col and Mrs G H Grace, Mr and Mrs Passos, Col Bryce Thomas, Col W F Bartleman, Mr and Mrs Wanless Smith, Major and Mrs Annesley, Mr C Schrottky, Mr E N Kanny, Mr A T Daniells, Mr and Mrs A De Mello, Mr and Mrs N N, Mr and Mrs Gerero de Amory, Mr H Mac Connell, Mr and Mrs E Pierce, Miss Foster, Mr Norman, Col C E Hallett, Mr J D Gordon, Mr Funckerstorff, Mrs Dodd, four Misses Dodd, Mr T A Scott Higgins, Rev Father Andrea and Rev Father Angelo.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—APRIL 18.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Shed.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Cy of Dublin	2150	Swan	A	Sir C Forbes & Co
,, Baghdad	826	Whitehead	B	M Mackenzie & Co
,, Ballajid	2531	Rucklock	C	F Muir & Co
,, Donro	1560	Atkins	D	F Muir & Co
,, Iscard	1240	Campbell	H J	W&A Graham & Co
,, Akbar	2432	Mandeno	K	K Nixon & Co
,, Feveril	1075	Wallens	M	K. Nixon & Co
,, L Charlemont	2.55	Dunn	N	J Heyn & Co
,, Hibernia	1557	McGlowan	O	F Macklnosh & Co
,, Roma	1673	Taylor	Q	V. Brothers.
,, Falls of Invernaid	1710	Bardo	..	W&A Graham &Co
,, Kriel	..	.....	..	Shepherd & Co.
,, Bhoema	..	.....	..	Shepherd & Co.
,, Harbour Wall	..	.....	..	.....

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Singapore	2431	Parodi	3	F Bozzoni.
,, Ellora	1470	Icely	6	B I S N Co.
,, St Fillans	1899	Fitzgerald	7	K Nixon & Co
,, Thisbe	1848	Perini	8	A H Lloyds & Co
,, Kirkiands	1668	Sutherland	10	W & A Grahsm & Co
,, Akbar	1441	Baldwin	12	Hajee Cassim
,, Ly Palmer	1801	Smith	16	W & A Graham & Co

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander	From
17	Oriental s)	Forbes	Calcutta, March 23.
	Hindoo (s)	Baker	C. Mandvi, Apr. 17.
	Satara (s)	Stewart	Persian Gulf.
	Roma (s)	Taylor	Aden.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
19	Nadir (s)	Mason	Calcutta, &c.
	Pekin (s)	Harris	London, &c.
	Northgate (s)	Runsdale	Madras.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Peveril, for Trieste, &c.
,, Roma, for Hamberg.
,, Hindoo, for Cutch Mandvi, &c'

The steamer Akbar, Capt. Baldwin, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Aden, Jeddah, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—36 bales cotton, M M Hoosein; 36 bales wool, Coovercjee Vusoojee; 2,000 cwts wheat, and 250 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 100 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.; 397 cwts myrabolams, H Gokuldas; 200 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.; 500 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co.; 4 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.; 43 bales wool, R Amerchund; 45 bales, wool, T Chimandas; 13 bales wool, T Chimandas; 50 bales wool, and 16 bales gunny rags, N Khatow; 150 cwts oil cakes, H Doosa; 110 bales cotton, M Bhimjee; 120 bales cotton, B and A Hormusjee; 400 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Pekin s—3 cwts ivory, A C Abdoolremon; 4 cases woollen cbaders, &c, R Gayanchund.

FOR HULL.

Kirklands s—675 cwts myrabolams, Beyts, Craig and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 6,000 cwts wheat and 4,002 cwts linseed, David, Sassoon and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Idar s—6,800 cwts wheat and 2,001 cwts rapeseed, F L Batliboi and Co.

Lady Palmer s—200 bales cotton, Tod Durant and Co; 100 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 265 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co; 137 bales cotton, Durst and Co; 70 cwts gum, F Hirst.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Falls of Invernaid s—100 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Lord Charlemont s—1,000 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

St Fillans s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 6 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 3,001½ cwts linseed, J C Bushby and Co.

Amana s—10,002 cwts linseed, Lyon and Co; 1,300 bales cotton, David, Sassoon and Co; 250 bales cotton, J C Bushby and 6,000 cwts rapeseed and 800 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Liscard s—380 bales cotton, Tod Durant and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

Peveril s—110 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hibernia s—100 bales cotton, and 128 cwts woodseed, Volkart Bros.

Roma s—1,000 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 540 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 2,001 cwts poppyseed A Blaecheck and Co.

FOR MARSHILLES.

Akaba s—2,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co; 1,788 cwts tilseed, 3,000 cwts wheat, and 3,500 cwts castorseed, Ralli Brothers; 2,266 cwts wheat, 990 cwts castor seed, and 382 cwts tilseed, John Fachiri; 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

Liscard s— 99 cwts castorseed, A Blaecheck and Co.

Peveril s—500 cwts castorseed, Tod, Durant and Co; 349 cwts castorseed, A Blaecheck and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thisbe s—11 bales twist, Finlay Muir and Co; 100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Thisbe s—493 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Thisbe, s—25 bales twist, Ritchie, Stewart and Co; 50 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

Thisbe s—25 bales twist, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 8 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co.

DAILY IMPORTS.—APRIL 18.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Branksome Hall s—25 cases writing slates, P Gooculdass; 51 cases provision, Aug M Misrahi.

FROM GLASGOW.

Strathmore s—200 cases whisky, Eduljee Bazonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Lord Charlemont s— 60 drums turpentine, S Tyabjee and Co; 12 cases medicine, B Cullianjee; 20 bales papers, N Sumsoodin; 5 cases confectionery, N Hussanally Attaru; 21 cases castor oil and 58 cases oilmanstores, Soolanally Hoptoola; 48 bales printing paper, Abdulally A Rahim and Co; 5 cases cheese, H Mahomedally; 30 drum linseed oil, Framjee Petit Mill.

Oriental s—20 packages blacking, A E Ebrahim; 307 cases champagne, &c, S H Battliwalla; 9 cases cognac, N V Currance and Co.

Rahilla s—201 drums linseed oil, T F Bengaleo.

Clyde s—9 cases whisky, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Thisbe s—2 packages glassware, Hajee Jaffer Virjee and Co; 13 cases glassware, S Mahomed Cassum; 105 bales writing papers, A Hoosein Escoofally; 15 cases aniline dye, G Mooljee; 8 cases glassware, Puroo Mamed.

FROM MARSEILLES.

S ingapore s—6 cases lead shot, A E Monshee.

FROM HAMBURG.

K aiser-i Hind s—1 pipe port, M Russe and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Sin gapore s—21 cases aniline dye, G Mooljee.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 17th April, 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer reduced and corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·729
Temperature of the Air	82·1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·2
Dew Point	70·0
Relative Humidity	76
Amount of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	0·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	86·6
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	76·9
General Direction of Wind	NE. NNW. NW. WNW. NW. NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	385

From midnight to midnight.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, APRIL 17.

10 p.m.	80·3

FRIDAY, APRIL 18.

6 a.m.	78·3
10 a.m.	85·1
2 p.m.	86·3
4 p.m.	86·4

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 18.

SILVER advanced further ¾d. per oz. in London yesterday, 46¾d. being quoted both by Reuter and private messages. Five lakhs more extra Wire Transfers were allotted by the Indian Council to each of the three Presidencies at 1s. 5¼d. on Bombay, 1s. 5 11-16d. on Calcutta, and 1s. 5 23-32d. on Madras, the highest rate being 3-32d. above the extreme price obtained for the extra Transfers allotted on Wednesday. Four per cent. Rupee Securities are still called nominal, 4½ per cents. being quoted one per cent. higher at 75¾. Consols remained at 98⅜; and Indian Sterling Loan at 103½. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India at thirty days' sight was still 1s. 5¼d. Paris quotations come unaltered.

The weekly Returns of the Bank of England show an improvement of one per cent. in the Reserve, which stood on Wednesday evening at 45 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate was reduced to 3 per cent. on that day; and the market rates of discount were 1⅞ per cent. on short London Bills, and 2⅛ on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper. About £175,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank of England the day before yesterday, and £150,000 more yesterday. The weekly shipments of specie to Bombay have not yet been wired: but £50,000 in Silver and £10,000 in Gold are advised as going to Calcutta.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady last evening, Surats firm, the total sales having aggregated 12,000 bales, including 1,500 Surats. The spot price of Mid.-American remained at 6¼d per lb., to which it was advanced on the previous day; but Arrivals were 1-64d. lower in all positions at 6 7-32d. for April deliveries to 6 9-32d. for August-September. East Indian Cotton was unaltered in value and "Fine" Broach, with "Fully Good" clause, was done again for March-April shipment, at 5 11-16d. The day's Imports were 8,000 bales. The Manchester market was strong.

In New York the price of ready Mid. Uplands remained at 11¾ cents, but July Futures were three points lower at 11·71 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 3,000 bales, both yesterday and the day before, and the total figures for the present season now compare as follows:—

	1890	1889.	1888.
Thursday's Receipts...	3,000	5,000	6,000
Five days' do.	15,000	29,000	23,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889	5,606,000	5,311,000	5,188,000

Our local Cotton market has been quiet to-day, with only a moderate business passing, but prices are quite unchanged. The purchases have amounted to about 2,000 bales, half of which consisted of Julgaum, at Rs. 190-205; and Bengal at Rs. 178-93, in equal proportions; the balance having been made up of Wadhvan at Rs. 208-9½; Veraval, at Rs. 178-205; Cutch, at Rs. 186-96; Mowa at Rs. 219-21; Amli Ginned, at Rs. 234; and Untni, at Rs. 190 per candy.

WHEAT.—There has been no return of activity in this market to-day, and only a moderate business has transpired; the feeling, however, remains steady, and prices are quite unchanged.

SEEDS have been in but slight request for export, and transactions have been upon a small scale in a quiet market, with all descriptions quoted as before.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	11,195 bales.
Wheat	34,333 cwts.
Linseed	23,225 ,,
Rapeseed	6,679 ,,
Gingelly	5,187 ,,
Poppy Seed	3,358 ,,
Ground Nuts	3,471 ,,
Castor Seed	5,382 ,,

FREIGHTS continue dull, but no fresh business of importance has transpired to-day, and rates may be taken generally as before.

EXCHANGE.—Opening at 1s. 5¼ for Demand Bank Bills and at 1s. 5 15-16 to 31-32d. for three months' sight Credits, this market has been irregular all day, and it has been difficult to quote rates. We call the feeling firm at closing, however, at the following quotations for ready business:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 5 23-32d. to ¾d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 11-16d. ,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 5 25-32d. ,,
Credits do.	1s. 5 15-16d. ,,
Francs do.	1·88½ ,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been firm to-day, at a sensible advance in rates, the cash price of Fours having gone up to 103⅜, and the next account to 103⅝, these rates having been maintained to the close. For the May settlement, 101 1-16 has been quoted, and 102 nominal for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—There has been more enquiry for Cotton Mill scrip in this market to-day and a further advance in rates has been established in a number of cases, but otherwise the feeling has been quiet and rates are unaltered in the absence of fresh business. Imperial Mill shares have advanced Rs. 30; Manockji Petit and Gaysnchun, Rs.; City Company, Bombay, Coorla, David, Howard and Bullough, Indian Manufacturing, and Luckmidas, Rs. 10 each; and Colaba Land and Mill, Rs. 5 at our quotations. Queen and New Great Eastern, on the other hand, are Rs. 10 lower.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, April 18.—Barometer has risen over the Punjab along the foot of the hills, and in Northern India, over Lower Bengal, and over the inland parts of the Peninsula; but it has fallen elsewhere. The general distribution has little changed. A depression is shown over Sind and over the North-West Provinces, Behar, and east of the Central Provinces. Readings high in the Punjab, the Peninsula, and Assam. Winds northerly in Punjab, westerly across the head of the Peninsula, and very variable elsewhere, the force being fresh in a large part of the country. Temperature fallen over the greater part of the country; very rapidly in the north-west. A shower of rain has fallen, except in the Gangetic Plain, lower Bengal, Sind, Rajputana, and the Central Provinces; largest amounts in East Bengal. Weather slightly unsettled in the greater part of the country.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, APRIL 18.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Company's s. s. Orion left here this evening for Bombay.

ADEN, APRIL 17.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Oriental (extra arrived from Bombay at 5 p.m. to-day.

SUEZ, APRIL 17.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Valetta, with the outward English mails of the 11th instant, left here for Aden at 9 a.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats firm.

The Manchester Market has been strong.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3d.
8¼ ,, ,,	6s. 5d.
40s Mule Twist	9½d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 5¼d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	98⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	80¼
4 per cent. Rupee paper	Nominal.
4½ per cent. ,,	75⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103⅛
Bar Silver	46½d. per oz.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £ 23,600,000, increase, £ 200,000; public deposits, £ 7,200,000; decrease £500,000; other deposits, £ 27,200,000, increase, £ 700,000; other securities, £ 21,000,000, decrease, £ 200,000; notes and gold, £ 15,600,000, increase, £ 500,000. The Bank's reserve is 45 per cent. of the liabilities.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 17.

Baller, Col, Bengal, Central I Horse, on leave, from Agar.

Thomson, Surg Genl, Bengal, on privilege leave, from Simla.

Osborn, Lt-Col, Bo, R E, on duty, from Deolali.

Hatchell, Col, Ms, 21st Ms. Ify, on furlough, from Secunderabad.

APRIL 18.

Atkins, Col, Bengal, 1st Bengal Infy, on furl, from Nowgong.

Barnaby, Major, Bengal, E Surrey Regt, on leave, from Fort William.

Collings, Lieut, Bo, 21 W Fusi, on leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—APRIL 18.

Baller, Col, Bengal, Central I Horse, on fur, to England

Thomson, Surgeon-Genl, Bengal, on priv leave, to England.

Scallan, Capt, Bo, 25 Bo L I, off leave, to Poona.

Barnaby, Major, Bengal, E Surrey Regt, on leave, to England.

Mollins, Surg, Ms, 1st Cavy, H C, on leave, to England.

Hatchell, Col, Ms, 21st M I, on fur, to England.

Barry, Brig Surgeon, Bo, I M S, on fur, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDER BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE ENGLISH BUDGET STATEMENT.

SURPLUS OF THREE AND A HALF MILLIONS.

EXTENSIVE REDUCTIONS OF DUTIES.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, introduced the Budget Estimates in the House of Commons this evening.

The statement showed a surplus of three and a half millions sterling.

Of this amount it is proposed to spend three hundred thousand pounds on the construction of military barracks (as a first instalment of the amount recently stated to be necessary), and a hundred thousand pounds on the equipment of the Volunteers.

REDUCTION OF POSTAL CHARGES.

Various reductions are proposed; among them being the Postal charges to India and all the British Colonies.

THE SILVER-PLATE DUTIES ABOLISHED.

The duty on Silver plate is to be abolished.

THE DUTIES ON TEA AND CURRANTS.

The duty on tea is to be reduced by twopence per pound. The duty on currants is to be reduced by five shillings per hundredweight—Greece having reduced the tariff on cotton, linen and indigo—by the equivalent of sixty-thousand pounds yearly.

TAXES ON BEER AND SPIRITS.

The beer duty is to be reduced by three pence per barrel, while that on spirits of home and foreign manufacture is to be increased by sixpence per gallon.

The Inhabited House duty is to be largely reduced, and the surtax of sixpence per gallon on spirits will be applied to the relief of local taxation.

PUBLICANS' LICENSES.

The issue of new publicans' licenses has been suspended.

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE TO INDIA.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Goschen intimated that the postage from England to India is to be reduced to twopence halfpenny.

SIR GEORGE ELLIOT'S BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

Proceedings against Sir George Elliot, M.P., for breach of promise of marriage, foreshadowed some-time ago, were instituted yesterday.

The plaintiff is Miss Alice Hairs, a lady of thirty years of age, and she claims damages for breach of promise of marriage and seduction.

Their intimacy is stated to have extended over a period of four years, and the promise on which Miss Hairs bases her claim was a verbal one, made, she alleges, at a time when she informed Sir George of her condition.

MR. GLADSTONE ILL.

Mr. Gladstone is confined to bed, suffering from a cold.

THE BANK RATE.

The Bank rate has to-day been further reduced to three per cent.

LABOUR DIFFICULTIES IN AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, APRIL 18.

Strikes and riots continue in various manufacturing centres in Austria.

Three persons are reported to have been killed and many wounded by soldiers who were called out to preserve order.

Numerous instances in which shops have been looted are reported.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

Mr. John Barnett, the composer and operatic author, died yesterday, aged 88 years.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CRAVEN STAKES.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The following is the result of the race for the Craven Stakes run at Newmarket to-day:—

Lord Hartington's Morion	1
Lord Calthorpe's Wildfire	2
Mr. Abington's Touchwood	3

THE INDIAN FACTORY BILL.

Sir John Gorst, replying to a question in the House of Commons, said that the Indian Factory Bill has been postponed by the Viceregal Council, pending the receipt of a reply from the Provincial Governors on the subject.

The resolutions of the Berlin Conference, he said, will be sent to the Government of India, and would, doubtless be considered before the Bill becomes law.

THE ENGLISH BUDGET STATEMENT.

The Right Hon'ble Mr. Goschen, in the House of Commons, brought forward his Budget, which shows a surplus of £3,221,000, of which £1,800,000 is due to the increased consumption of alcohol.

The estimated surplus for the next year is put down at £3,549,000.

Mr. Goschen devotes £300,000 to increasing the barrack accommodation, and £100,000 to the equipment of the Volunteer Force of the Kingdom.

The postage to India and the Colonies is reduced to twopence and halfpenny, provided others interested in the matter agree.

The duty on gold and silver plate is abolished.

The duty on tea is reduced by twopence per pound.

LATER.

The Budget further shows that the National Debt has been reduced by eight millions in the year, making twenty-three millions in the last three years.

Mr. Goschen reduces the beer tax to threepence per barrel, and also reduces the duty on currants to five shillings per hundredweight.

The duty on spirits is raised to sixpence per gallon.

The Gladstonian Liberals regard the Budget as indicating the approaching dissolution.

GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 18.

H. M. the Queen-Empress confers the Order of the Imperial Crown of India on Lady Harris.

Capt. Cates, First Assistant, Baroda, officiates also as an Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent in charge of Amreli.

Colonel Bayley, Political Agent, Kotah, retires, and Capt Martin, Bhopal, officiates as Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow.

Colonel Kinloch, Royal Rifles, commands the District, with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General, vice Brig.-General Galbraith.

Major Maltby commands the 2nd Hyderabad Infantry, vice Major Garrett.

THE KHOJAK TUNNEL.

The KhojakTunnel has been pierced.

POSTAL.

Mr. Fanshaw, Postmaster, arrived at Simla yesterday, and leaves for England on ten months' leave immediately.

SERIOUS BANK DEFALCATIONS.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF SIX LAKHS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 18.

Serious defalcations have been discovered in the local branch of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China. Wildest rumours are afloat regarding the fraud in consequence of the refusal of the management to furnish details. It is believed that something approaching six lakhs of rupees have been misappropriated, and the telegram from England stating that fifty thousand pounds have been placed to contingent fund to meet the loss instead of passing that sum to reserve fund, confirms the story.

A THEATRICAL DEFAMATION CASE.

Mr. Conroy, of the Croften Theatrical Company, obtained a summons in the High Court to-day against the editor of Hayes *Sporting Scraps* for Rs. 15,000, for defamation.

THE KHOJAK TUNNEL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 18.

The Khojak Tunnel has been successfully pierced. The total length is twelve thousand and six hundred feet.

NEPAL CLOSED FOR SHIKARIES.

No more shooting parties will be admitted into Nepal for the next four years, owing to the scarcity of big game, which is also amounts of sport, it is considered, should be preserved.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 28.

It might have been a royal pageant at Putney, on Wednesday there was such sunshine, such soft air, and such fresh scented breezes. Queen's weather is the people's weather too, for no one wants sunshine and brightness more than the plodders for their rare outings. And on Wednesday, it seemed as if all London, except its perambulating babies, rushed westwards. Cycles, carts, cabs, vans, chaises—vehicles that had not been in society since a period shortly succeeding the deluge, took again to the road. Horses too that looked as if they might have been imported into England by the Phœnicians, and kept steadily working, but not feeding since, took part in the annual Hejira of Cockneydom to the Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race. To the Putney races! was the cry everywhere—the busses printed it,—van drivers shouted it,—cabmen re-echoed it,—even the very dogs with muzzles tied up with the popular light blue pointed their noses steadily westward which to them meant not only memories of bye races, but of pleasant Sunday runs in green fields with perhaps a dive after a suburban water rat a futile but exciting hunt after the ghost of a rabbit.

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The joys of Putney are [illegible]-lived for men than dogs. Twenty minutes survey if you through a field-glass, or a wild attempt to stroke prefer it along the towpath, a shot, the of the oars, a shout, a long re-echoing Barnes Bridge, winning colour is run up the mast or the money and all is over except to count and ride back to you have lost or won, and tramp has the best London accordingly. Truly the abridge wins, he of it. Whether Oxford or Cambridge water rat, and the has always the hope of the of the rabbit hunt anticipation, if not the reality like Dido with her Cambridge, this year, stay Cambridge was popwillow on the water's edge the pet with some ular—light blue is a does not make weak people. But popular agrees that success this strong, and every [illegible]. It was in vain that a time was with the a hundred pounds just won young Cantab stalwart examination to uphold his as a prize for a Lightly come, lightly go, is University's use who have not passed through the verdict of a deal of competitive examination. the scathing [illegible]—there will be other boat races, But fate is [illegible] examinations to retrieve the light and other [illegible] in the coming bye and bye. The blue losses seldom looked brighter. Sunshine river bank gay gowns as well as blossoms, and brings are some exceedingly pretty toilets on there ough the crowd and movement made them view for a most part into a kaleidoscopic jumble, decorative, but not describable. There were some gleaming dresses worn by the contingent of the Lyric Club that steamed up from Westminster to St. Anne's, their head-quarters at Barnes.

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The Lyric Committee, like Canute of old, do not appear able to keep the waters in proper subjection. When the steamer neared the landing stage, it was found that the water in perverse fashion retired, instead of coming forward, and there was an impassable barrier of twelve feet between the steamboat and the promised land of Barnes. A half hour was spent in thinking out plans for bridging it over—the use of a hawser or a rocket being rejected as inelegant and unseemly for a first appearance especially. Meanwhile there was a pretty view of the company—a number of very exquisitely got up actresses, taking a lively part in the discussion of ways and means to get ashore. Finally they were conveyed in batches at a charge of almost their weight in gold, by native boatmen who have reason to bless the niggardliness that father Thames showed to his invited guests. In spite of slush and mud, spoiled shoes and muddy petticoats it was a very pleasant party with Lord Londesborough, Mr. Edmund Yates, Mr. Bancroft, Mr. Thomas Thorne, and a host of other well-known names, to set from flowing and on shore the band of the Scots guard to play away with melancholy on board.

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The boat-race is our Mi-Careme distraction—a very innocent one in most people's eyes, though Lent in London is being kept very severely this year. Perhaps, as the Pope has relaxed the fasting obligations in influenza-stricken districts, the observance of Lent takes another turn. Lenten costumes are very much discussed by fashionable modistes, there is no beauty in sackcloth and ashes to them unless it takes the form of a redingote or an opera mantle of a new shade or style. Black or rich ecclesiastical purple is the order of the day, and violets from white to the very darkest shade are worn by every one. One would almost say that it had rained violet flowers, they are so profusely scattered on people's heads, but that men have escaped the shower except in the region of the buttonhole.

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Lady Ellice's party at Eaton place was the scene of a demonstration of strict Lenten principles the other night. After some time spent in discussing music, morals, and general topics, an impromptu dance was got up by the most lightfooted or light-hearted of the party; but a great number of the guests showed their disapproval by retiring as dancing is not a sympton of Lenten penitence. To a really logical person, it would seem hard to prove that there was more sinfulness in using, the muscles of feet, than the muscles of the jaw throat, tongue. But we have our Conventionalities!

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The sensation of Mi-Careme in Paris has been the open air dancing of "La Goulouë" who has, according to French journalists "eleve la jambe a la hauteur d'un principe." On a chariot, La Goulouë was paraded through boulevards, streets, and squares, dancing the can-can to an admiring multitude of men and women. It was "Vive la Goulouë! Bravo, Bravo!" from every one. Fathers pointed her out to their sons; mothers raised their little daughters to see the lady who danced so well—a sorry spectacle—a sign of the times, people say. But at what time were Parisians or any other people insensible to a passing show. Let it be a Barnum's elephant, a procession of white-veiled communicants, a regiment of highlanders, a poor stricken creature on a stretcher, a barrel-organ monkey or a performing mouse, it was enough to attract a crowd, and to call forth execrations or vivas. La Goulouë is evidently a person of much constitutional vigour. Few would care to emulate her exertions, dancing with the sky for background—her pernicious example will hardly extend to England where an umbrella, macintosh, and a pair of galoshes would be necessary properties for al fresco performances at most seasons of the year.

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Some time ago the poetry critic of the *Pall Mall Gazette* made a plaintive moan at American ladies for trying to write poetry. It is not in reason to expect, he said, that they can write five act plays in excellent blank verse. So he adjured them to be content to look beautiful and to marry English Lords. I do not remember which American authoress called forth this appeal. But I think it was not Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler. But Mr. Chanler, though she did not marry an English Lord, deserted poetry, and took to painting. And if the *Pall Mall* critic has a conscience, he will consider himself guilty of the result of that desertion. Among her fellow-students at the Studio Paris, was a clever young artist who became hopelessly infatuated about the (late) poetess, and would not be dissuaded from loving her to desperation, even following her to Algiers where her husband took her for a holiday, and there committing suicide when he realized she was indifferent to him. Sad Fate! Better murder poetry, blank verse sleep, or even *Pall Mall* critic, than kill love in promising young French artist's heart.

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There is doubt that American women have the knack of turning men's heads—or hearts. The story of the new Duke of Manchester's wooing is as picturesque a fact as any out of a three volume novel. When Lord Mandeville made his first visit to America, he met in society Miss Consuelo Yznaga, and admired her though she was unlike other American girls in this that she had no money. Then he accepted her father's invitation to their home in Orange—fell ill there in approved fashion, and was nursed back to life and health by Miss Yznaga. It goes without saying that he fell in love, proposed, and married her, and brought her to England. A few years later they returned to America, and were guests in New York at the house of the Vanderbilts. It was a surprise to Lord Mandeville to find in the apartments he occupied there, that everything had been so thoughtfully prepared for his reception that even his crest was embroidered or emblazoned on the furniture, &c. Later on there was a light thrown on the fact that destroyed the beauty of the compliment, though not in an unpleasant manner. It came out that the Vanderbilts bought the crest in England, but after some time, finding it was not to their taste, and with the freedom that comes of purchase not inheritance, they discarded it except in the one suite of rooms.

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The most striking character in the Manchester connection is the present Dawager Duchess who is a clever woman, with great political astuteness. She is Lord Hartington's chief adviser, and her *salon* is a rendez-vous for Unionist politicians who value the counsels of women outside Parliament. Talking of *salons*, it is said in Paris that at home days are going out—at least they are becoming public reception days. Come to see me on Tuesday—it is my day—this is said to the indifferent whom one likes to receive in a mass. Don't come Tuesday—it is my day—we shall have no time to talk—come any other day—this is applied to friends. As long as there is something new, interesting or startling to be heard at Mrs. B.'s at home, of course, the indifferent will go. When the attraction fails—the day will go.

A STATUESQUE STORY.

"Old Gosh'"

"HULLOA! Here already, by Jingo!"

"Been out mashing!"

"Look at the bu[illegible] evidently, he is smirking

"Something [illegible] Cheshire."

away like an ass no doubt," referring to the

"Mrs. Hay ago.

latest married a the like were uttered by a knot

These remarks echoed round the window of their

of young men commanded a view of the avenue

messroom were directed at their Colonel, who

to the galloping up the road with his self-satisfied even more emphasised than usual as he

ished spittle cane or knocked off the heads of

twirling grasses that grew by the side of the road,

some it against his long lanky legs with a

or tap.

jaunting Colonel," saluted the Subs, who had re-

from the window on his approach, and were

dispersed about the room.

Mornin' boys, fine mornin' hey? By Gosh,

you?" answered the Colonel, squaring his elbows

and giving his cuffs and collar a twitch as was his

manner.

"Been out early, Sir?—yes—yes early—capital

thing by Gosh—a nice fresh morning this—"

"Every morning's a fresh morning," quoted young Grandison.

The Colonel darted a sharp glance at him from under his shaggy white eye-brows, but the innocent countenance and dewy blue eyes of the "cherub" were as guileless as those of the throng above from whom he derived his nick-name.

"You'd better make the most of them, then," growled the Colonel. "You won't think so when the hot weather comes, no, by Gosh!—that you won't, young man."

"Good face this, eh Jones," continued the Colonel later, turning to the senior major, "by Gosh, a d—d pretty woman if it's anything like Mrs. Hay's sister you know. Just sent it over to me to look at—not that spins are much in my line, no by Gosh—but ta-ta I must toddle now—" and arranging his hat the best way he could without the aid of his glass, and giving a final tug at his cuffs and collar, "Old Gosh," as Colonel Merriman was irreverently called from the constant use he made of his favourite explotive, took his departure.

"Pity you are going away on leave 'Cherub,' it will be rather fun to watch Old Gosh's manœuvres with this new spin," said Mr. Mowbray to his friend later on, as they walked back to the bungalow they shared together.

"Spins haven't been much in his line though, hitherto as he says. What an old Fop it is! I wonder if there is a girl who could make up her mind to him. Lord! Why, what's up with you?" noticing for the first time his companion's unusual silence and inattention.

"I say, Mowbray, I tell you what—now," said Grandison, with a sudden gleam of inspiration in his eyes. "I have it! Look here old fellow," and then came a whispered confab which was broken by peals of laughter.

"Nonsense, it would never succeed," said Mowbray, sobering down.

"Oh wouldn't it, though, just wait till I show you," as they entered their bungalow, when the Cherub dashed into his own room, and reappeared with a large photograph.

"Now then! is it really by Jove! ha! ha! ha!" laughed Mowbray long and loudly. "Good heavens! who'd have thought it! It's a dangerous game to play though, Cherub, I can't say I like having a hand in it," said the more prudent Mowbray.

"I don't see why it should be found out," answered the Cherub, "and what, if it is? Why—for his own sake you know it—but any way I am keen on it, and don't care a straw for the consequences. Though perhaps it will be hard on you old chappie! I'll tell you what, suppose I bring old Jones into it?"

"No, no, that would never do, besides he would put a stop to the whole show, though he is such spoons on you. Ho, ho, ha, ha, ha!" as the recollection of the Cherub's "lark," came back to his mind.

"No, hang it all, if you're to get into hot water about it, I'll share it with you;" whereupon the two fell to arranging their plans. It was not long after this that young Grandison went on his much-looked-forward-to three months' leave, leaving the regiment and mess table, in particular, much to be moan his loss. For the boy was a favourite with all, his Colonel excepted, who without having any especial dislike towards him grudged him his popularity with the fair sex.

"Dear me!" said Mowbray a few weeks later at dinner one evening, just after the mail letters had been distributed "Here's a go!"

"Why, what's wrong," chorused those assembled at the table.

"Why, here's my sister written to say she'll be out in a few weeks, and I am to be ready for her as she means to spend a month or two in India."

"Who's she coming with?"

"That's just it; she's not coming with any one, and I'll have the sole responsibility on *my* shoulders—such a handful as she is too," continued Mowbray ungallantly.

"Well 'tis a great thing for the rest of the station to have something fresh to look at! When does she come?"

"This day, fortnight" answered Mowbray, with a rueful countenance.

"Why not ask Mrs. Jones to look after her?"

"Oh, that would never do," hurriedly replied Mowbray. "She takes being 'managed,' as she calls it, by any woman. She's been accustomed to having it all her own way with the old Governor. No woman has ever had the handling of *her*. No, no, I must bear the brunt of this new freak of hers"; and gathering up his letters and "chits" he walked slowly away to commence preparations for his sister.

Come, she did too, as threatened and created quite *a furore* on her arrival. Anything more perfectly beautiful, or rather handsome, could hardly have been met with, throwing quite into shade the rival beauties—Mrs. Hay and her sister, whose photograph by the way must have been taken in her youth, as she was now past her prime.

"The old story of the Pearl of other days in the Lays of Ind," as Old Gosh remarked on first beholding her.

Miss Mowbray, on the contrary, was not yet out of her teens—that exquisite golden brown hair which is rarely met with, crowned her lovely face, delicate rings curled round each ear and shaded eyes of mysotis blue, while a perfect mouth and unexpected dimples bewitched the eye of man.

No rose, however, is without its thorn, and this particular rose had several, making themselves felt mostly in the sides of her female acquaintances, to say, that she succeeded in "putting up the backs" of half the ladies in the station would, be "drawing it mild," as Mowbray would tell his sister in the vain hope of bringing her to reason, while to the other sex she was a constant source of delight and amusement, and a train followed in her wake, whenever she chose to lead.

Fredericka Mowbray, or "Dickie," as she was familiarly called at home had, however, one faithful adherent among her own sex—Little Daisy Hay, a veritable *enfant terrible*—was unfailing in her homage.

"Miss Mowbray, Aunt Susie says, your pitty hair is *painted* hair," announced Daisy, in her shrill treble one afternoon at the usual tennis meetings at the Gymkhana, to Dickie who, as usual, was surrounded by her court, Old Gosh, to the fore also as usual.

"Nonsense! now *did* she Daisy," said Dickie with a paleed countenance. "Yes, she did, indeed," averred Daisy. "Aunt Susy has *white* in *her* hair, I *saw* it!" "with wide opened eyes of mystery, "and mother says—"

"Here, Daisy, come and ride on by beautiful new pony," interrupted one charitably-inclined, and seizing hold of Daisy's arm.

"I don't want to thank you," cried Daisy wriggling out of his grasp and settling herself comfortably on Dickie's knee. "Mother's very angry with *you*, Miss Mowbray," wagging her head sagely.

"Indeed! Why, I have done nothing to offend her that I know of," replied Dickie.

"Oh yes, you have though, you've spoilt her *game*," her round eyes widening.

"Game? what game? Do you mean tennis, you young monkey?"

"No, I doesn't; but mother says you've spoilt the game, because Aunt Susie would have been settled long ago but for you, and though she *is* old, she's quite young enough for Old G——."

"Daisy," almost shrieked Mrs. Hay, who having finished her game of tennis came up in time to hear this last speech of her daughter.

"Come here directly Miss," but Daisy, spoilt child was as those who have ears but hear not. Nestling closer to Dickie she would have proceeded with her tale if Mowbray had not forcibly carried her off to be fed on sweets, leaving Mrs. Hay and Old Gosh facing each other crimson confusion depicted on the countenance of the former while anger and dislike struggled for mastery on that of the latter.

These and other scenes did not tend to Miss Mowbray's popularity, and indeed it was not long before she had set the whole station by the ears.

Lines of cars and anxiety furrowed the brow of the bewildered Mowbray who heartily wished his sister safe at home. Dickie was, to say the least, *fast*, with a sublime indifference as to what she said or did, and over whose doings indeed 'tis as well to draw a veil here.

Her numerous satellites wagged a constant though silent warfare amongst themselves, Dickie being sweetly impartial in her favours. Half a dozen or so aspirants to her hand were rejected with more or less scorn and her final decision looked forward to with anxiety.

Old Gosh, however, succeeded at last, and his engagement to Miss Mowbray was formally announced. Much to every one's surprise, who wondered at her choice out of so many eligible "partis."

All went merrily for the next week or so till the advent of a new comer.

"*Who* did you say that was," he asked of an [illegible] wall-flower at a dance one night during the [illegible] to which he had been invited.

"Miss Mowbray! Miss Fredericka Mowbray

THE BOMBAY MILITARY BUDGET.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE Indian Military Budget, following that of the English Budget, comprises expenditure between the 1st April and 31st March. That is, it should do so, but in fact it does not, as the accounts of the Native Army, and the payment of Circle Paymasters are taken from the 1st March to the 28th February. This anomaly is well known to the Finance Minister and other finance officers, but they are not strong enough to remedy it, as it could only be done by bringing 13 months' accounts into one year, and this they are afraid to do, as by doing so, the expenditure for that year would appear to be unduly increased, and all sorts of explanations would have to be made. It appears ridiculous to outsiders, who understand accounts, that such an anomaly should exist in estimating and accounting public accounts. For instance, the pay of the British troops, officers, and men is considered to be due on the last day of the month, (take the current month) and expenditure on that account would appear in the accounts for April. On the other hand, the pay of the native army, officers, and men, which, according to common sense, should be due on the last day of the month, and appear with the pay of the British Army in the accounts for April is not considered due until the 1st May, and appears in the accounts for May. Here we start with a fallacy, and so long as this is allowed to continue, the Indian accounts cannot be accepted as correct.

In the Military Budget Estimate of the Bombay Presidency for the current year (1890-91), the total amount estimated is Rs. 2,74,14,230 against Rs. 2,75,28,350 of the previous year, being a decrease of Rs. 1,14,120.

The estimated strength of the Artillery serving in this Presidency remains the same, *viz.*, 3,717 and 1,705 horses, made up as follows:—

Officers	132
N.-C. officers and trumpeters	224
Rank-and-file	2,767
Natives	594
Total...	3,717

The strength of the Cavalry also remains the same, *viz*:—5,270 and 525 horses, exclusive of 4,490 horses maintained by Native (silladar) Cavalry regiments; this is made up as follows:—

Officers	228
N.-C. officers and trumpeters	58
Rank-and-file	544
Natives	4,440
Total...	5,270

The strength of the Engineers and Sappers is 957 against 966 last year; detail:—

Officers	51
Natives	906
Total...	957

The strength of the Infantry remains at 31,607 made up as follows:—

	European.	Native.
Officers	495	416
N.-C. officers and drummers	576	21,840
Rank-and-file	8,280	
Total...	9,351	22,256

In addition to the above there are 3 veteran officers and 217 other officers on the miscellaneous list, making a total of 978 British and 564 Native commissioned officers, 12,503 British Warrant, and non-commissioned officers, rank-and-file, and 27,726 Natives, or a grand total for the Bombay Presidency of 41,771 officers and men and 6,720 horses.

Grant 1.—Army and Garrison Staff.—This grant is estimated to show a saving of Rs. 5,820. The following shows in detail the increase and decrease under the several headings:—

	Increase	Decrease
Commander-in-Chief	.....	3,450
Adjutant-General's Department	.....	370
Quartermaster General's Department	.....	5,210
Musketry Inspection	570	.....
Gymnastic Instruction	750	.....
Army Signalling	1,430	.....
District Commands	.....	1,561
Garrison and Station Staff	.....	17,600
Hill Sanitaria	2,840	.....
Miscellaneous Depot	3,540	.....
Station Conservancy	1,190	.....
Total...	10,370	28,191
Actual difference	.....	17,491

But a saving of Rs. 8,000 is expected under district staff. When the reorganization of the district commands was introduced, a large saving was expected, but as a matter of fact, under staff salaries, there is an increase of Rs. 3,028 for Bombay alone.

A MAN named Catoni, a giant above seven feet high, and proportionately stout, with an enormous head, has just died in Italy. He had already, says a correspondent at Aquila, sold his skeleton to the Anatomical Museum of Rome for 10,000 francs.

ABOUT General von Caprivi, a correspondent at Berlin telegraphs, the following remarkable anecdote is now current there:—"In 1878 Prince Bismarck was travelling from Friedrichsruh to Berlin in the Hamburg train, and at one of the stations General von Caprivi got in, intending also to proceed to Berlin. As he noticed some acquaintances among those with Prince Bismarck, he got himself introduced and remained in the saloon carriage, entering into lively conversation with the Chancellor. With regard to this meeting Prince Bismarck, on the evening of the same day, said to some of the gentlemen of his *entourage*, 'I have often wondered who is likely to be my successor. To-day I have seen him.'"

THERE is just now much vexation of spirit in Calcutta, and the city is afflicted, says a contemporary. There is the influenza, and there is the small-pox, and now somebody has made the very disagreeable discovery that the fish of the river have small-pox, too. Not long ago a fish was bought, and showed, like Buddha, the five distinguishing marks. Cows, of course, are diseased, but nobody suspected fish. There is also a tree which has become diseased; it is a *neem*, and the people, instead of shunning it, have fallen down and worshipped. The eruptions have rendered it sacred, and it is now the goddess Sihita. There is, therefore, both moral and physical disease in the city. Much has been raised in lamentation [illegible] hope, for are there not edicts, with sanitary and other

THREE WEEKS IN JAPAN.

THE DIARY OF A PARSEE GENTLEMAN.—V.

Oct. 7.—We started by train at 9-20 a. m. for Ikao, where there are hot water springs. On our way to the station we met a Japanese funeral. When a Japanese dies, he is put into a square wooden box, cross-legged, and the box is then filled up with tea of an inferior quality and other scented leaves, so that the corpse may not emit a bad smell. Before the corpse is put into the box it is washed and dressed in white clothes It is carried to the grave suspended on a pole, borne by four coolies, and on each side of it is carried a paper lantern and a bamboo flower-pot. The mourners follow in jinrickshas. The body is interred by coolies, no relations touch it, and the lanterns and flower-pots are buried with it. Over the grave the relations place liquor and food, and a little liquor is poured on the ground. This offering is renewed every day for forty-nine days. After the return from the burial, liquor is handed round among the mourners.

We arrived at the station Mahibas, which is 68 miles from Tokio, at 1-30 p. m. Ikao is 15 miles from here, and the journey has to be performed in a jinricksha. When we reached the station it was raining in torrents, and the jinricksha-people refused to take us, preferring to take other passengers to the neighbouring town. Being without a carriage we had to stay at the station. Mr. Ebrahimjee, who accompanied us, tried hard to get jinrickshas, but unsuccessfully, and after staying till 5 o'clock at the station we went to the town of Mahibas, which was a mile off, and stayed for the night at a Japanese house. Europeans not being in the habit of staying there, they could not cook food in the English style. Japanese cooked food is so nasty that we could not eat it, so our companion Ebrahimjee, showed the cook how to cook it. The Japanese eat quantities of water snakes about 1 or 2 feet long. They nail them while still alive to a board, then cut them open take out the spine and intestines, and cook them in oil or vinegar. When they are nailed down they squeak like chickens. These snakes and their young are caught in great numbers and are kept alive in a water cask and taken out and killed as they are required. These snakes do not bite men and are not poisonous, and somewhat resemble eels. The Japanese also cook vegetables in oil and vinegar. They eat like the Chinese with chopsticks.

The Japanese are very fond of being shampooed, and for that purpose blind men and women go round the street whistling for customers. In every house there is a water tank for bathing, in which the whole family and their visitors bathe in the same water. The bathroom is in a yard in the middle of the house, and we could see them bathing—they are not at all shy.

After we arrived at this house, the hotel proprietor took our passports and made a copy of them which he handed over to the police, bringing us back the originals. We saw it being copied, and instead of using a pen, a small hair paint brush was used. The Japanese write from the top to the bottom of the page beginning in the right hand corner. They do not use liquid ink, but a solid stick of paint, which is applied by wetting the brush in water. Anything written with it dries at once, so blotting paper and sand are not required.

Oct. 8.—This morning we started in jinrickshas at 7 o'clock, and arrived at Ikao at 11 a. m. It was raining hard all the way, and as the day before had been just as wet, the rivers and brooks were full of water. We had to cross two or three bridges on our way, one of which was of boats. The ascent to Ikao is very steep up hill. Ikao is 2,700 ft., above the level of the sea, and as it is surrounded by high hills the scenery in the neighbourhood is very fine. We stayed at the Japanese hotel "Cogu Budao." An hour after our arrival the rain stopped and the sun came out.

Ikao is famous for its hot water springs, and people come from other parts of Japan to bathe in them, including in the Summer many Europeans. Hot water is brought by pipes into all the hotels, and tanks are provided for bathing in. This water being sulphuric is useful in curing itches and other skin diseases. After taking a bath in our hotel, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon we went for a walk and saw a hot water spring half a mile off. This being on a hill we had to ascend a number of steps to get to it. These steps are in the midst of the town, and have houses on each side of them, the ground floors of which are shops. The water flows in a strong stream, and by its power rice mills are worked. We found that it tasted of iron and sulphur. It is bottled and conveyed to Yokohama, where it is sold by the proprietor of the Grand Hotel. The weather was beautifully cool, the thermometer standing at 55°. After seeing this spring and going through the town we returned to our hotel.

Oct. 9.—We started from Ikao at 7 o'clock in jinrickshas. This morning we could see snow on the summits of mountains at a distance and as the day was not cloudy we enjoyed the magnificent view. Instead of going to Mahibas Mountain, we went to Tagasaki, both being about 17½ miles distant from Ikao. Three-fourths of the road was planted with mulberry trees, and at every village we saw hand silk factories. We arrived at Tagasaki station at 11 a. m. Here horses are used to carry baggage instead of bullocks, the baggage being packed on each side of them. Instead of being shod, the feet of the horses are covered with coir yarn bags. As there was some time to spare before the train was due, we went to see the town. It consists of one street and contains a number of hand dyeing shops. We started by train at 12-20, and arrived at Yokohama at 7 p. m., where we put up at the Grand Hotel.

Oct. 10.—We started by train at 7-50. a.m. and arrived at Fujiyama station at 8-30 a.m. the distance being 15 miles. And from there we started in jinrickshas to see the large bronze statue Daibuts, 5 miles off. This is a statue of Buddha who is represented sitting cross-legged on a stone platform. In Japan there is only one other statue as large as this, and there are probably few others as large in the world. The statue is a marvellous bit of casting. The image is situated near the temples of Kamakura. It was erected in the year 1252 by the order of the Shogun Turitonio, by one Goroyemon, a famous caster of the period. Over it a temple was built but this was washed away by a great tidal wave in the year 1495, and since that the statue has remained exposed; it was a little injured but has been repaired. The statue is 50ft. 6 inch in height, the head is 8ft. 6 inches, the ear 6ft., 6½ inches, the eye 4 ft., the nose, 3ft. 8½ inches, the width of themouth is 3ft. 2½ inches, the circumference of the thumb is over 3ft., inches, the diameter of the lap is 36ft., the circumference of the waist is 98 ft. The fingers and thumbs meet, and the palms of the hands are turned upwards, and Europeans and other visitors are fond of having their photographs taken standing on them. We next visited the Shinto temple of Hachiman at Kamakura, which is 1½ miles distant, there is nothing much to see in it. There is an old temple adjoining it which has been repaired, and converted into a new one at the cost of the King, while an entirely new one has been built in the same neighbourhood by order of the princess. Both of these temples are built of lacquered wood. The temple of Hachiman was built by rich Daimios. We had to ascend a number of steps to reach it. There is a very large tree in front of it, said to be 1,000 years old, under which criminals used to be beheaded. The temple contains a museum consisting of old, weapons and armour. The temple contains a collection of old weapons and armour.

We next went to an island called Enoshima, which is two or three miles off. As the weather was fine and cloudless, we could see the mountain Fujiyama quite plainly. It is 12, 300 feet in height, and its summit is always covered with snow. We got back to Yokohama at 3-30 in the afternoon.

Oct. 11.—We started by train at 11 a. m. for Ujii, near Tokio. We got out at Shinbashi Station and from there went in jinrickshas to Weeno station, 5 miles off, and from there again we took train to Ujii, to visit a yarn spinning factory there. The mill consists of 10 spindles and was erected in a bungalow in the year 1868. It has ring throstles—the latest improvement. As the Japanese cotton is used it cannot spin more than 16s. The mill is worked by Japanese, and owing to the want of a clever manager or spinning master, the average turn out per spindle is under 5½ oz. The mill is worked economically, the engines being driven by water power, and it makes a handsome profit owing to the yarn turned out fetching 20 dols per bale more than Bombay yarn. Altogether 30 hands are employed, of whom 23 are girls and 7 men. There are said to be 25 cotton factories in Japan, this being the smallest of them. The largest factories are at Osaka, near Kobe. The Japanese encourage their own manufacturers and prefer to buy their own yarn. At present the price of No. 12 Japanese is 98 dollars, and of No. 16, 105 dollars, while Bombay No. 20 sells at 85 dols. This distinction is emphasised by the fact that Bombay yarn has to pay freight and duty, which do not affect the country goods. There is a very good demand for the higher counts of English yarn, and about 100,000 bales are imported every year, while 30,000 bales of lower numbers are imported from Bombay. No. 20 yarn is also spun from cotton imported from Bombay and Shanghai. The Japanese cotton is clean but of short staple. Water for driving the engine is supplied by means of a connection with a conduit, half a mile off, by which water is brought by Government to the town of Ujii from a place, 30 miles away.

In the town there are also factories of paper and glassware, but owing to want of time we were unable to see them. From Ujii we went in jinrickshas to Tokio. The whole journey of about 8 miles was through a thickly-populated district of Tokio city. We got to Yokohama at 5-45 in the evening and went board the P. and O. steamer Thibet at 11 p. m. The steamer being due to sail for Kobe at 2 a. m.

F. D. P.

THE WILSON COLLEGE PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.

THE course of Wilson Philological Lectures of 1889-90 before the Bombay University commenced last week, when Surgeon-Major K. R. Kirtikar delivered his introductory lecture, of which the following is a brief summary. The lecturer began by saying that it was his intention to trace the growth and study the literature of the Mahrathi language, which he was proud to call his vernacular. *Ex ordine* he used to be the motto of European scholars when they discovered the Sanskrit in the East. "Light more Light" should be our motto when at the present day our political connections with Europe had blessed us with a new era in the annals of Indian literature. The lecturer then proceeded to mention the deep interest Dr. Wilson had taken during his life time in the progress of the vernaculars. He paid a well-merited tribute to his honoured memory when he said that the thoroughly unselfish nature of that Christian philanthropist had converted a memorial, which was purely the unsolicited monument of personal regard and esteem, into an everlasting endowment of public good, viz., the foundation of the chair of Philology in the Bombay University. This noble gift of a noble scholar, for a noble cause had, Dr. Kirtikar said, placed the people of Western India under further obligations to Dr. Wilson. To him as an old pupil of Dr. Wilson's it was an honour to be in that chair, and he thanked the syndicate for the honour they had done him. The natural history of the Marathi language involved a consideration of its origin locality, constructive elements, and growth of its literature. From all these the lecturer said he would be able to show that the Mahrathi language was worthy of the study of scholars. With the singularly poetical literature which the Mahrathi language could lay claim to, with all its supposed scanty pubitations, it had a copiousness enough to engage the lifetime of an accurate scholar, and was indeed

IMPORTANT DECISION ON A BREACH OF CONTRACT.

Mr. W. E. Hart yesterday delivered judgment in the Small Cause Court in the case of Balli Brothers *vs* Purmanund Jamraj. Mr. Craigie, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Rustomjee Merwanjee Patel, pleader, for the defendants. It may be remembered that on the 10th of July last Mr. Hart decided in favour of the defendants. The case was appealed in the High Court, from which it was sent back to the Small Cause Court for a new trial. Mr. Hart accordingly, having heard the parties, gave decision this time in favour of the plaintiffs as follows :—

On the 11th September, 1888, the defendant entered into a contract (Exhibit C) with the plaintiffs for the sale to them of 50 tons of new brown Delhi rapeseed at Rs. 6-8 per cwt., to be delivered at the buyer's godown or railway station, Bombay, delivery on or before April-May, 1889, of the season's average quality, in No. 2 twills, new Calcutta bags, weighing 2 lbs. 4 oz., with a refraction of 3 per cent., with usual allowance up to 5 per cent.; payment 90 per cent. cash on the railway receipts. In order to complete this contract, the defendant on 2nd December, 1888, entered into another contract (Exhibit No. 1) with Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. for the purchase from them of an equal quantity of the same seed of fair average quality at Rs. 6-5 per cwt., delivery in Bombay at the railway station or buyer's godown, packed in bags of the same quality and make, with a refraction of 3 per cent., 90 per cent. to be paid on godown or rail delivery, and delivery to be made April to May, 1889. In "time contracts" such as these two, the seller has the option of fixing the time for delivery. On 23rd April, 1889, Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. wrote to the defendant a letter (Exhibit No. 2), enclosing a delivery order for 50 tons brown Delhi rapeseed at Rs. 6-5, under contract for April-May delivery, and requesting him to take delivery and pay 90 per cent. on account. The document of the same date (Exhibit A) enclosed in this letter was addressed by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. to their own godown-keeper, desiring him to deliver to the defendant 50 tons of brown Delhi rapeseed and take his receipt for the same. It is usual in the seed trade in Bombay, and the plaintiffs themselves follow the practice, for the seller under such contracts as those I have mentioned, to hand to his buyer, endorsed by himself, such a document from his own vendor, and for the buyer to present it at the godown of the latter, and arrange with him for payment and delivery either at his own godown or elsewhere as he may require it. The defendant accordingly endorsed in blank the document he had received from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., and forwarded it to the plaintiffs on 25th April, with his letter of that date (Exhibit No. 3), in which, referring to his contract with them for April-May delivery, he stated that he enclosed a document on Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co.'s godown-keeper, and requested the plaintiffs to take delivery of and pay the money for the same. On receipt of this letter and document, the plaintiffs forwarded the letter on the same day to their own godown-keeper, with a memorandum, dated 25th April, 1889 (Exhibit B), stating that the enclosed document was from the defendant against his contract with the plaintiff., and desiring their godown-keeper to take delivery. Neither at the time they issued their document to the defendant on 23rd April, 1889, nor at any subsequent date, till they suspended payment and stopped business on 13th May, 1889, had Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. any of their godown any brown Delhi rapeseed. They had, from 23rd to 27th April, again on 29th April, and again on 1st and 2nd May, enough Cawnpore brown rapeseed to be able to deliver 50 tons but this another and lower priced article than the Delhi seed.

Neither the defendant nor the plaintiffs knew at the time the former forwarded to the latter and the latter accepted from the former the documents of 23rd April, 1889, that Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. had not then any Delhi brown rapeseed in their godown. At that time and for about a week thereafter the market price of Delhi brown rapeseed of the quality agreed to be delivered was Rs. 6-0-0 per cwt. But in the beginning of May it began to rise, and continued to do so all through the month, till on 31st May it was Rs. 6-12-0 per cwt. The plaintiff never got delivery of any seed from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. on their document, but they did not inform the defendant of this fact till two days after Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. had stopped business, when they returned the document to the defendant with their memo. of 15th May, 1889 (Exhibit No. 4), notifying that if he failed to complete the delivery against his contract on or before date they reserved to themselves all the rights. Till receipt of this memo. the defendant believed that delivery had been made to the plaintiffs by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. on his behalf, but it had never been so actually represented to him by either, nor had he made any inquiry in the matter. He replied to the plaintiffs through his attorneys on 16th May, 1889, (Exhibit No. 5), insisting that by sending to the plaintiffs Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co.'s document duly endorsed, he had fully carried out his contract, and repudiating any further obligation to the plaintiffs, or any liability for their negligence. The plaintiffs by their attorneys answered the defendant's attorneys on 17th May, 1889 (Exhibit No. 6) intimating that the defendant would be held liable for damages, unless he performed his part of the contract on or before 31st May. On 23rd May the plaintiffs forwarded to the defendant a printed form of reminder of his contract (Exhibit No. 7), and on 1st June, 1889, they wrote him a letter (Exhibit No. 8), enclosing a bill for Rs. 562-8, as the difference between the market rate on 31st May and the contract rate, on 50 tons of Delhi brown rapeseed. To this the defendant replied through his attorneys on 4th June, 1889 (Exhibit No. 9), repudiating any liability to pay any difference, on the ground that he had done all that he was required to do under his contract. The plaintiffs lastly wrote to the defendant through their attorneys on 7th June, 1889, a letter (Exhibit No. 10), formally demanding payment of this sum of Rs. 562-8, as well as certain others, and giving notice of account in case of default in payment within 24 hours. The defendant paid the other claims included in this letter, but not that of Rs. 562-8, in respect of his contract of 11th September, 1888, and this account was accordingly filed on 13th June, 1889. So far there is no dispute in regard to the facts I have stated, and from them it is clear that the seller's option of fixing a time for delivery was never exercised, either by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. or the defendant, and though the giving of a document is in general an intimation on the part of the giver that he is then willing to deliver, it cannot be so regarded in the present instance, as the goods to which the document related never existed. The only serious contest in regard to any fact peculiar to their case was wheth r the plaintiff, on receipt of the document from the defendant immediately presented it to Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. and applied for delivery. I find they did not do so until 3rd May. Their memo. of 25th April, forwarding it to their head godown-keeper, expresses no desire that he should present it at once, and is quite capable of being construed as nothing more than an intimation that delivery may be taken from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., instead of from the defendant. The plaintiff's head godown-keeper, Meke Anastasaki, no doubt, all-ges that the day after the receipt of the document he personally presented it at Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co.'s godown, and was told by their godown-keeper Premji that they had not the goods then, and were not bound to deliver them before 31st May. For the reasons I shall presently give, I do not believe Meke. But at least his allegation shows how he understood his instructions, and what he at least conceives ought to be the practice in regard to the presentation of delivery orders. If the documents was not immediately presented, at least Meke thinks it ought to have been, or why should he say it was? On the other hand, if it was immediately presented, so far from suggesting there was anything unusual in this, Meke expressly admits that the usual practice is for the party to whom a document is given to present it immediately, and that the plaintiffs follow this practice. Meke's evidence, therefore, may be taken as throwing some light on another much point between the parties, viz., the custom in regard to documents. But that the document in the present case was not presented till 3rd May, is, I think, abundantly clear in spite of the allegations of Meke Anastasaki and his assistant, Burjorji Rustomjee. In the first place, it is admittedly no part of the duty of Meke to present a document in person, and quite unusual for him to do so. In the next place, Burjorji does not pretend that no applied for delivery to Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. till the day after the document had been handed to him by Meke, which he says was on 26th April. But Meke says he kept the document till he had himself made four applications, not on consecutive days, and did not hand the order to Burjorji till the 2nd, 3rd, or 4th May. Each admits that no delivery was made, nor even tendered, when the order was presented, Meke saying he was told there were no goods, and Burjorji saying he was told Mr. Lang must first be consulted. But it is quite clear the document was granted by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. with a view to delivering the Cawnpore seed in their godown, for they never had, nor expected, any Delhi seed; and Cawnpore seed, if of good quality, is sometimes accepted for fair Delhi, and the difference between the two was at that time only about half anna per cwt. Moreover, it is admitted, on all hands, that by issuing a document a seller intimates that he wishes them to tender the goods under his contract; and Mr. Lang expressly said that his document of 23rd April, 1889, was issued with a view to delivering the seed then in his godown. If, therefore, the order had been presented when the seed was there, it is to me inconceivable that the seed should not at least have been tendered. But Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co's. godown-book shows that with the exception of the 28th and 30th April, there was enough seed to deliver 50 tons on every day from 23rd April to 2nd May, while their godown-keeper, Premji, who, so far as I could see, had no reason for saying what was not true, was positive that only some explanation was made to him for delivery, and that was by Burjorji, on the 3rd or 4th May. Now on the 4th May the plaintiff's assistant Mr. Zygoras, who fixes the date by reference to another matter in which he was personally interested, on which it was necessary for him to see Mr. Lang, says he also enquired of him what he intended to do in regard to the delivery of this seed. Mr. Lang says such an enquiry was made of him by Mr. Zygoras in May, and that he replied it was not convenient to deliver them. But when making such an enquiry Mr. Zygoras must have known that delivery had not already been made, and Meke says he always informs the office immediately when he applies for delivery and does not get it. The non-presentation of the document of 23rd April till 3rd May, also explains another admitted fact which otherwise appears inexplicable, viz., that neither Meke nor Burjorji expressed the slightest surprise at Messrs. Lang Jorji expressed the slightest surprise at Messrs. Lang Moir and Co.'s not as much as tendering the goods when the order was presented, though they knew, that by the grant of a document would convey to the buyer an intimation that at the date of delivery he was ready to deliver goods and was willing to deliver. I therefore believe the statement of Meke April 23rd was not presented at Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co.'s godown and delivery demanded under it, till 3rd May 1889; that then there was no absolute refusal to deliver, but the plaintiffs were told that Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. did not find it convenient to deliver then, and considered they had till the end of the month to do so; and that the plaintiffs, concurring in this view, made no further demand on them, but after they had suspended payment and stopped business, seeing no chance of obtaining delivery from them, warned the defendant they should expect it from him, according to the terms of their original contract. On these facts, it seems to me, there was no substitution by the plaintiffs of Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. for the defendant, in their contract with him, but the acceptance of the document from him amounted to nothing more than an expression of willingness that the actual delivery should be made by, and payment be made to, Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co instead of the defendant, nor was there any giving of time to Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., to the prejudice of the defendant, inasmuch as they had not bound themselves to deliver before 31st May by fixing any time for so doing, and therefore was no non-delivery on presentation of the document was not a breach, or intimation of any contemplated breach, by them, of any undertaking on their part to any one, nor was there any agreement common to all three parties. So far, then, as the particular questions involved in the facts peculiar to this case are concerned, it would seem that the plaintiffs are entitled to recover. But the principal contest on the evidence was with reference to the two following general questions, in regard to the custom of merchants in the seed trade in Bombay: *First*, whether the plaintiffs were bound to apply to Messrs. Lang, Moir & Co. for delivery under their document immediately on its receipt from the defendant: *Second*, whether, on failing to obtain delivery on presentation of the order, the plaintiffs were bound immediately to inform the defendant, so as to enable him to take advantage of the market then in his favour. As to the first of these questions, it seems to me that the usage of trade which it suggests is hardly consistent with what is admittedly a very prevalent practice in regard to documents orders, viz., that after their issue by the original grant or they are very generally endorsed or passed from hand to hand, sometimes by as many as twenty means purchasers, before they are finally presented. Such a practice as this must make it difficult, if not impossible, for the last holder always to present the order within what the grantor would consider a reasonable time of its issue, and we are at once afloat on a sea of doubt and conjecture as to what is a reasonable time in each particular case. For there was no evidence of a mercantile usage limiting it as, for instance, in cheques, to 24 hours from the date of issue. Moreover, if the last holder is bound to present the document immediately on its receipt from its endorser, it would seem to be at least reasonable to expect that the first holder should be equally bound to give the last holder every facility for presenting the order within a reasonable time of its issue by putting it in circulation at once. But not only was there no evidence at all of any such usage but in this particular case the defendant having received the documentary order from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. on 23rd April, kept it through the 24th, which was neither a Sunday nor a native holiday, and only handed it to the plaintiffs on the 25th. As to the evidence in regard to the usage contemplated by the first question that of the plaintiffs, no less than that of the defendants, establishes the fact that when towards the performance of such a contract as this, the seller looks to the buyer and the buyer accepts from the seller a documentary order endorsed by the latter, which has been granted to him by his vendor, the general practice among merchants in the seed trade in Bombay is for the buyer to present the documentary order to the grantor within three days of its date. But it also appears, from the evidence as well of the defendant's witnesses as of those of the plaintiffs, that failure to present the documentary order within three days of its date, the seller not having exercised his option affixing a time for delivery, is not regarded as a breach of the buyer's contract, but merely entitles the grantor of the order to consult his own convenience as to whether he will then, or at some future time within his contract period, deliver the goods or is willing even to deliver which on application within a reasonable time after its date the granting of the documentary order is intended to be an intimation. But if the general practice were a trade usage binding on the parties, it seems to me that it would necessarily form a term of the contract, though not expressed in it, and the contract would be considered broken by the buyer by the fact of his not presenting the documentary order within three days of its date. I therefore consider that the evidence which establishes the general practice I have mentioned as between the last holder of a documentary order and its grantor is not sufficient to establish such an usage of the seed trade in Bombay as between a mere holder and endorsee of a documentary order and his purchaser, as would bind the plaintiffs, as between them and the defendant, to present the documentary order to Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. before they did. Had such an usage been proved I think the defendant's task in proving the other might in a measure have been lightened, for it would be a natural, if not necessary, corollary of the proposition that the plaintiffs, as between them, and the defendant were bound immediately to present the documentary order endorsed by him, that they were also bound to inform him if delivery were not made when they presented it. But holding as I do that the former usage is not proved as binding in the trade, it becomes necessary to consider the question of the seed independently of the first point. It is a somewhat significant fact that in the correspondence before action the defendant nowhere alleged such a trade usage as he sought to prove at the hearing. Had there been one, we should naturally expect him to cite it immediately as a sufficient answer to the plaintiff's memorandum of 15th May 1889, for, of course, they would be as well aware as himself both of the usage and of the fact that they had not in compliance with it forwarded to Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. Instead of doing this he advanced the untenable proposition that by the mere endorsement to the plaintiffs of a documentary order under which they could not obtain such goods as he had contracted to sell he was discharged from any obligation. As to the evidence in regard to the second usage, no doubt the witnesses for the plaintiffs, no less than those for the defendant, seemed to think that, had they been in the plaintiff's place, they would have given notice to the defendant, and had they been in his, have expected it, of Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co.'s failure to deliver on the presentation to them of their documentary order endorsed by the defendant. But even the witnesses for the defendant did not seem to think that the plaintiffs were strictly bound to give such notice, and the reasons adduced by different individuals for giving it were different, some saying they would have given it in their own interest, while others said they would have given it because they thought it fair to the defendant. The result of the whole evidence seems to me to amount simply to a pretty general expression of opinion that the reasonable and considerate course would be to give the notice by some means or other, but that the option of delivery to themselves of the goods they required, by others because they would so be doing as they would be done by. I therefore hold that the defendant has failed to prove either of the mercantile usages he pleads as disentitling the plaintiffs to prefer their present claim. The question then arises whether on any law they are debarred from so doing. Neither Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. in sending the documentary order to the defendant, nor he in forwarding it to the plaintiffs, exercised the seller's option of fixing a time for delivery. As neither of them was bound to give nor the plaintiffs to demand, delivery at once, there was no extension of the time for performance, which remained, as originally fixed by their respective contracts, to the last day on which a seller might choose up to 31st May, while the documentary order there being nothing to deliver at once, it remained up to that date as merely lapsing. It seems, therefore, that there was a breach by the defendant dant of his contract with the plaintiffs, and that the breach was on 31st May 1889. It was contended on behalf of the defendant that the non-delivery by Messrs Lang, Moir and Company immediately on the presentation of the documentary order was a fact within the special knowledge of the plaintiffs, and they, not having given notice of it to the defendant, were precluded from suing him for a breach of his contract with them, and Makin *vs.* Watkinson (L. R. 6 ex. 25) was cited in support of their proposition. But the non-delivery by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Company on 3rd May was not a breach, nor even intimation of an intended breach of their contract. The fact, therefore, of which the plaintiffs were aware, and the defendant was not, of which they could have given him notice, was not one which would have entitled him to rescind his contract with Messrs. Lang. Moir and Company, nor if they had given him notice, and he had still chosen not to deliver, then, could they have treated that as a breach by him? There is, therefore, this material difference between the two cases that the fact in the knowledge of the plaintiffs here of which they did not give notice to the defendant, was not one essential to the performance of the contract. Another is that the contract between Makin and Watkinson was not, like this, an absolute contract to deliver within a certain time, but a contingent contract to perform repairs as occasion should arise, and the fact on which the defendant's obligation depended, viz., the arising of the occasion was the fact which was within the knowledge of the plaintiffs only. It was also contended that the plaintiffs were estopped from denying the delivery by Lang, Moir and Company, because by accepting the documentary order from the defendant, they led him to suppose that they would, according to their usual custom, apply for, and, by their silence regarding the non-delivery, led him to suppose that they had obtained delivery within three days from the date of the order, and so induced him to alter his position for the worse by not purchasing in a market favourably to himself and delivering to the plaintiffs within the period of his contract. It seems to me that his argument in a great measure proceeded on the assumption of the existence of the usage which I have held not to be proved. But a sufficient answer I think is that the very documentary order which the defendant gave to the plaintiffs of the non-presentation of which he complains, and the delivery under which he says the plaintiffs are precluded from denying was itself a mere nullity, as no such goods as it purported to authorise the delivery of were ever in possession of the person who had to make delivery under it. Again, it was contended that, inasmuch as the plaintiff's, on the failure of Messrs Lang, Moir and Co. to honour their documentary order on its presentation, had the option of rescinding their contract with the defendant, or continuing it till the end of its term, they were bound to make their election and to notify their option to the defendant before they could sue him for damages, and Hoare *vs.* Muller (L. R. 7, Q. B. D. 92) was cited to this effect. But this begs the whole question, whether the plaintiffs had the option of rescinding their contract. In Hoare *vs.* Muller an option was provided by the terms of the contract itself as to the manner of performance. Before the principle there enunciated could be applied here, and the plaintiffs be called on to exercise their option as to whether or not they elected to treat the non-delivery as a breach, it would be necessary to show that circumstances had arisen which the plaintiffs had the right to treat as a breach. But the mere handing of a documentary order, on which no delivery is made, when no time is specified for delivery, I do not think can be treated as such a circumstance, and I can find no other which it is suggested would have justified the plaintiffs on 3rd May, 1889, in considering that Messrs. Lang, Moir & Co. had broken or contemplated breaking, their agreement to deliver by 31st. Lastly it was contended, assuming a breach by the defendant, yet the plaintiffs were bound to minimize their loss, which they might have done by treating the contract as broken when Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., first failed to make delivery on the presentation of the documentary order; and therefore they should not be allowed to recover damages assessed by the higher measure of the increased market rate prevalent on the last day for performance. If so what became of the "option" and "election," which formed the basis of the last argument? Here, too, again the authorities cite on behalf of the defendant, *Frost vs. Night* (L. R. 7 Ex. 111), and Dunkirk Colliery Co. *vs.* Lever (L. R. 9 C. D. 20), seem to me inapplicable to the present case, because they were instances, if not of completed breach by the promisor, yet of such notice by him of an intended breach as amounted to a circumstance which entailed the promisee to elect whether he would consider the contract as broken, or continue it for the period originally fixed. But in the present case I find there was no such circumstance, inasmuch as giving of a documentary order without exercise of the seller's option to fix a time for delivery does not in itself bind him to tender at any particular time, and even the insolvency of Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. on 13th May did not in itself operate to them determine the contract to deliver on 31st, or render it impossible of performance. But if the plaintiffs had not the right to consider the contract broken on the earlier date, they cannot be called on to minimize the defendant's loss by assessing their damages as of that date. This I think is clear from the remarks of Lord Abinger C. B., in Philpotts *vs.* Evans (5 M. and W 475), where the plaintiff had that right but did not choose to exercise it. I therefore hold that the damages I should be assessed as for a breach on 31st May 1889. My findings on the 27 issues raised at the trial are 1, 2, 5, 20, and 23 in the affirmative 3, 4, 8, 10, 11, 13 to 19 inclusive, and 22 in the negative. The 21st issue is rather unhappily worded, but for the purposes of this action I find it in the negative: for, though the plaintiffs, like every one else, are bound to minimize their loss on the occasion of a breach of contract, I find there was here no circumstance binding or entitling them to consider the contract broken before 31st May. I also find, as a fact, though no issue was specifically raised on the point, that the plaintiffs on 25th April, in order to save themselves the expense and trouble of twice loading and reloading into carts and conveying to the godown the subject of the action, accepted from the defendant a documentary order, dated 23rd April, by Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., on their own godown-keeper endorsed by the defendant, and consented themselves to present the same and pay for and take delivery of the goods direct from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. for the purpose of shipping the same, but did not present the said documentary order or take any steps towards obtaining delivery thereon from Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co. till 3rd May, when Messrs. Lang, Moir and Co., without refusing to make delivery, said it was not convenient to deliver then, and intimated that they had time, under their contract, till 31st May to do so, and the plaintiffs assented thereto. I think no finding is necessary on any of the other issues, and I pass judgment for the plaintiffs for Rs. 562-8 and costs, and certify their professional costs as Rs. 51; plaintiffs to have costs of rule for new trial Rs. 34; and the costs of the application to the High Court fixed by the order of the High Court, Rs. 41.

BOMBAY HUNT AND GYMKHANA RACES.

(THIRD DAY, SATURDAY, April 19.)

The following are the horses declared to start for this day's races :—

1st Race.—4-30 p.m.—The Maroie Chase. Distance, R. C.

Mr Bentinck's ch ch p Latthair, 11st 7lbs, Mr Ogilvie.
Mr Prevott's b a p Aftab, 11st 7lbs, Mr Gray.
Mr Steel's c a g Crawler, 11st 7lbs, Owner.
Mr Graham's br a g Gendarme, 11st 7lbs, Owner.
Mr Littleton's b a p Mehlat, 11st 7lbs, Mr England.
Mr Littleton's b w p Woodlark, 11st 7lbs, Owner.

2nd Race.—5 p.m.—The Chuckla Chase. Distance, R. C.

Messrs Lee and Monroe's g w geld Master Jack, 12st 10lbs, Mr Monroe.
Mr D Brook's b w geld Carnarvon, 12st 10lbs, Owner.
Mr H W B's bh w m Cinderella, 12st 10lbs, Mr. Steel.
Mr Graham's ch a h Arod, 11st 4lbs, Owner.

3rd Race—5-20 p.m.—The Pony Scurry. Distance, 3 furlongs.

Mr Wolcot's ch ch p Palsface, 11st, Mr Littleton.
Mr Barton's ch ch p Nusser, 9st 13lbs, Mr Gray.
Mr England's b g Cocky, Boy 11st, Owner.
Mr Faulkner's d c b p The Old un, 10st 11lbs, Owner.

4th Race—5-40 p.m.—The Consolation Stakes. Distance, 2 miles.

Aga Jungi Shah's b a h Narrow Escape, 11st 11lb, Mr England.
Mr Esau Bin Cartas' g a c Long Neck, 8st 13lb, Oomer.
Mr Grant's ch a c Planet, 11st, Mr Graham.

The attendance at the ordinaries held at the Gymkhana pavillion last evening, was well attended, and speculation was brisk. The favourites could be selected as they sold. The following is the result of the lotteries filled :—

THE MAROLE CHASE.

	Rs.
166 tickets at Rs. 2 each	332
Lothair sold for	4
Aftab	52
Crawler	12
Gendarme	38
Mehlat and Woodlark, Mr. Littleton's Stable.	50
Total value of lottery Rs...	488

THE CHUCKLA CHASE.

	Rs.
137 tickets at Rs. 2 each	274
Master Jack sold far	110
Carnarvon do.	50
Cinderella do.	22
Arbid do.	22
Total value of lottery Rs...	478

THE PONY SCURRY.

	Rs.
100 tickets at Rs. 2 each	200
Palefsce sold for	12
Nusser do.	20
Cocky Boy do.	54
The Old-un do.	4
Total value of lottery Rs...	300

By the kind permission of Colonel Collingwood and the officers of H. M's 2nd Gloster Regiment, the band of that regiment will be in attendance at the Mahaluxmee Racecourse this evening.

REMARKABLE CAPTURE OF A THIEF.

Ragoo Narayen, who served Mr. Sorabjee Framjee, a mill contractor, in the capacity of a messenger, was brought to justice yesterday before Mr. Richardson at the Esplanade Police Court, by Inspector Briscoe, for having committed the theft of Rs. 300 from the office of Mr. Sorabji on Holy Thursday last year. Whilst the complainant, Mr. Sorabjee, was in Bombay last year, transacting business on behalf of the Swadeci Mill, Coorla, in his office in Parsee Bazaar Gate Street, he left six notes of the value of Rs. 50 each on his office table. Ragoo happened to find the notes and pocketed them, and had since been nowhere to be found. As no information had been conveyed to the police at the time of the theft, the prisoner had hitherto been allowed to roam at large. However, on the 14th of April, he was arrested quite unexpectedly. As he was standing at a shop in Coorla, waiting to cash a currency note for Rs. 50, a Tanna policeman came up to him and asked him how he had come into possession of it. Ragoo answered him in an off-hand manner and said he had come upon a number of notes in a house last year. The curiosity of the policeman was thereupon aroused, and the man was accordingly taken into custody, when he made a clean breast of the whole affair. From his statements, Ragoo was taken to his late master in the Coorla Mill, and identified. Subsequent enquiries made by the police led to the recovery of a large amount of jewellery, to the value Rs. 212, including a massive silver waist-band, children's silver anklets and bangles, silver chains, and numerous other costly ornaments, which had been purchased by the accused. Ten rupees in cash were also found in his possession. Ragoo, in defence, stated that he had found the notes lying on the staircase of his master's office. The Magistrate, however, convicted him, remarking that the prisoner was guilty of an extensive theft, and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The value of the property recovered by the police amounted to about Rs. 260, which was made over to the complainant.

THE WRECK OF THE QUETTA.

The rock upon which the R. M. S. Quetta struck in Torres Straits has been discovered, writes the *Sydney Mail*. Its bearings are as follows :—Albany Rock, south 1 deg. 30 min. east; North Brothers, south 52 deg. east; Arcoueih Island, north 84 deg. east, correct magnetic. At low water ordinary spring tides there would be 16 ft. of water on the most shallow part found. Divers have been down on the wreck, and report as follows :—The vessel is lying right over on her beam ends on the port side, heading seaward. The masts, funnels, rigging, and deckhouse are intact. The deck appears sound, and the hatches are off. One boat is in the port after davits. The hull on the starboard side has a huge, clean-cut hole, two, and in some places three, plates in width, extending the whole length of the ship's bottom, from the stem to the engine-room, commencing about three plates up from the keel. In this space the plates, framing, and everything are clean gone as if cut out. For about 30 ft. abaft of this the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth plates are badly bulged and dented. The ends of the plates are started out, having drawn over the rivet-heads. Abaft this, extending to the mizzen rigging, the keel and bottom are badly scraped. In the divers' opinion, owing to the ship's position and the strong tides, it would not be possible to salvage the cargo at a payable rate by divers' work. They consider it would be necessary to blow the starboard side out with dynamite, and thus release the cargo. The vessel's hull is badly twisted, and lies on a very uneven bottom. The divers saw no bodies, but found a small parcel of letters and books belonging to the late Mr Archer.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE MEMON MOHOLLA MURDER.

The trial of Muki Hajee Esmail for the murder of Talsidas Mohunjee, a Bania, in Memon Monolla, on the 4th March last, was continued before Mr. Justice Bayley and the same special jury yesterday. The Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Sanjana defended the prisoner.

At the close of the case for the prosecution, Mr. Sanjana addressed the jury, remarking that there was no proof that his client committed the assault on the deceased, which resulted in his death. The evidence of the man who said that he saw the prisoner strike the deceased was wholly unreliable. Prisoner had no enmity with the deceased; and there was, therefore, no motive for his committing the crime. But if the jury considered that the prisoner did strike the deceased, the learned counsel submitted that the offence would not be that of murder, but of culpable homicide or voluntarily causing grievous hurt.

The prisoner's father was called as a witness on his behalf, and stated that one evening, the evening on which he was alleged to have struck the deceased, the prisoner came home from work and went out with Shewjee Bhoja and Narayen Premjee, who came to call him. About 11 p.m., prisoner returned home in a state of drunkenness and staggered up the staircase.

The Advocate-General summed up the evidence.

His lordship, in addressing the jury, said it was for them to decide upon the evidence whether the prisoner was the man who inflicted the blow upon the deceased, and if so, whether his offence was that of murder or culpable homicide. Reviewing the evidence, his lordship said, there was the evidence of an old man, who had known the prisoner for four years, who said that he saw prisoner strike the Bania on the head with a stick, and then run away. This evidence was corroborated by a police ramoose, who had known the prisoner, and saw him running away with a stick in his hand. The time the assault was alleged to have taken place. There was further corroboration by the soda-water-seller, who said that the prisoner came to his shop, and left the stick there. There could be no doubt upon the medical evidence that the cause of death was fracture of the skull, and that the blow was delivered from behind, thus corroborating the evidence of the first witness, who said that he saw the prisoner strike the deceased a blow with a stick from behind. Then the jury had the statement of the deceased made by him before his death to the police inspectors, that it was Maki, the prisoner, who struck him. His lordship next referred to the self-implicating statement which the prisoner made to the committing Magistrate of his own free-will, although warned that it was not the time for him to make a statement. Then, again, the jury had the further fact that, on the day following the assault, the prisoner took the police inspector to the shop of the soda-water-seller, whom he desired to produce the stick he had left with him, and deliver it to the police officer. If the jury thought that the evidence pointed unmistakably to the prisoner as the person who struck the deceased, the next question was the defence did the prisoner make? That defence was contained in the confession he made to Mr. Cooper, which his lordship read to the jury, and in which the prisoner tried to fasten the onus of the offence he had committed upon Shewjee Bhoja and Narayen Premjee, who, he said, had been persistently after him with a view to induce him to strike the deceased, with whom there was at enmity, for a reward. There was evidence pointed strongly to the inference that the prisoner allowed himself to be hired for a consideration of five or ten rupees, to strike the deceased man. It was urged upon the jury by the learned counsel for the prisoner that he was drunk at the time of the alleged assault; but his lordship need scarcely tell the jury that drunkenness was no excuse at law unless it was brought about without his knowledge or against his will. Now, the evidence showed that there was no malice or ill-will on the part of the prisoner towards the deceased, whom he did not know before. It was not, therefore, improbable that the prisoner hired himself to strike the deceased. Such a thing was done before in the city by the members of a gang, who had themselves no enmity to commit a crime upon innocent, peaceable citizens until the whole gang was rooted out. If the jury thought that the prisoner was the person who struck the blow, causing fracture of the skull, they should find him guilty. There was not much in his plea of drunkenness, because he was sufficiently sober to run off.

The jury, after a short consultation, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt with a dangerous weapon, and not guilty of murder or culpable homicide.

His lordship reserved sentence.

A DISHONEST MUNICIPAL MISTAKE.

The following case was heard before his lordship and a common jury :—

Dorabjee Pallonjee was charged with having, on the 22nd January last, being a public servant, namely, a mistree in the Engineering Department, of the Bombay Municipality, received an illegal gratification of Rs. 45 from Dyal Mowjee for not removing the boards of the shops of his chawl, situated at the junction of Falkland and Duncan Roads. Prisoner was also charged with extortion. Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. Budrooddin appeared for the defence.

Mr. Russell, in addressing the jury, stated the facts of the case. The prisoner was employed as a mistree in the Engineering Department of the Municipality, and his duties were, under the orders of one Mackjee, to remove the boards of shops and other obstructions in the streets or pavements. The prisoner was charged in two different categories. He was charged with receiving an illegal gratification to do a favour to Dyal Mowjee, and also to forbear to show disfavour, that is in forbearing to have the boards of the shops removed. Secondly, he was charged with extortion in threatening to do Dyal Mowjee an injury by having the boards of his shops removed. The facts of the case were that, on the 17th January last, the prisoner and Manockjee, under whose orders the prisoner was acting, went and desired Hurry Vittoba, a tenant of Dyal Mowjee, who kept a *pan sopari* shop, to tell his landlord to remove the boards of the shops or come to some understanding with them. In consequence of that message, Dyal Mowjee, who was the lessee of the chawl, saw the prisoner, who came alone to Hurry Vittoba's shop on the following day. Prisoner asked for a sum of Rs.100 for forbearing from removing the boards of the shops, but as Dyal would not think of paying such a large sum, he finally agreed to accept Rs. 45 as the lowest amount. On the 19th January, Dyal Mowjee went and made a communication to Superintendent Brewin; and at his suggestion, took to him currency notes for Rs. 45, which Mr. Brewin marked with his initials, taken down their numbers in his note-book, and handed them back to Dyal Mowjee. On the morning of the 22nd January, in consequence of a further communication from Dyal Mowjee Mr. Brewin accompanied him to the shop of Hurry Vittoba. He went in and remained concealed behind a stand in the shop for nearly two hours. Dyal Mowjee was standing in the street, awaiting the arrival of the prisoner. On the latter coming up, Dyal took him up to the *pan sopari* shop, whereon the prisoner demanding the Rs. 45 agreed upon, Dyal Mowjee counted out to him the money, being the currency notes which had been initialled by Mr. Brewin. Soon afterwards, the latter, who had seen the whole transaction went up to the prisoner who was walking down the street and took charge of the currency notes out of his hand. When first questioned, the prisoner said he had only some papers in his hand. Mr. Brewin took charge of the notes in the presence of a "panch," and found that they were the identical notes which he had marked. The prisoner's defence in the Police Court was that he had obtained the Rs. 45 from Dyal Mowjee as upon loan. The learned counsel left it to the jury to say whether, from the evidence, they should attach any weight to such defence.

Evidence was then called for the prosecution. It showed that Hurry Vittoba, Dyal Mowjee, as well as Mr. Brewin, understood that prisoner asked for the money which was to be divided between himself and Manockji. The latter was present when prisoner asked Hurry Vittoba for the money; and Mr. Brewin, while concealed in the shop, was under the impression that both the prisoner and Manockjie would be there to receive the money. The benches of Dyal Mowjee's shop were about fifty years old; and an attempt by the police to have them removed about ten years ago had failed. Dyal Mowjie said he never made any loans to the prisoner, whom he had not seen before this affair.

Mr. Budroodin, in addressing the jury on behalf of the prisoner, said he thought the jury were not satisfied in their minds that the prosecution had proved the charge laid against the prisoner. The latter was the only person who had authority to decide whether certain benches and boards were to be removed or not. He was merely acting under the orders of his superior, Manockjee Eduljee, in whom was vested the authority of deciding such questions, and who was the real person to show favour or disfavour in such matters. Manockjee was the principal witness for the defence. Prisoner was the principal witness for the defence. With his crest, an evidence, he thought, of peculiar thoughtfulness on the part of his host and hostess, until he learned, in due course, that the crest had been purchased by the Vanderbilts while in England, without any particular knowledge of whose crest it was, but after having it printed and embroidered throughout the single suite of apartments in which Lord Mandevills found it, they came to the conclusion that the crest was not to their liking, and it was not used in any other part of the house.

Mr. Chamberlain has returned from Egypt, and on Monday he delivered a short speech to some of his Birmingham friends, which showed that, however unwilling he may have been to go to Egypt, after what he had seen of the workings of our administration there, he was in no hurry to come away. In fact, he frankly said he had changed his mind in regard to the policy of evacuation, and declared that it would be unworthy of this great nation if we did not rise to the full height of our duty and complete our work there before we left the country.

French toys have been rapidly making their way in the world since 1867. In that year, our Paris correspondent writes, only 240,000*l.* worth of them was sent abroad; while in 1878, the value of the exported toys reached 740,000*l.*; and last year the total was 2,800,000*l.* England is the best customer, she taking a seventh of the whole, and Spain comes next. Other nations come in the following order, in their relative importance, as buyers of French playthings:—The Argentine Republic, Belgium, the United States (where dolls dressed or undressed, pay no duty), Italy, Germany, Switzerland, Uruguay, New Granada, Turkey, and Russia. The toy trade regards its country as being insecure if France shuts out the products of the world by prohibitive duties.

THE INFLUENZA BACILLUS.

At the meeting of the Calcutta Microscopical Society on Monday night some of the Microscopical Simmons read a report of the month. Subjoined is an abstract of the paper, which dealt with concluding portion :—

Since the foregoing paragraphs were written, the *Microscope and the

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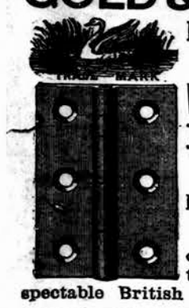

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In this form it is powerfully remedial, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOL OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defSSive nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or octes, Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.
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For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.

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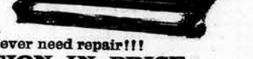

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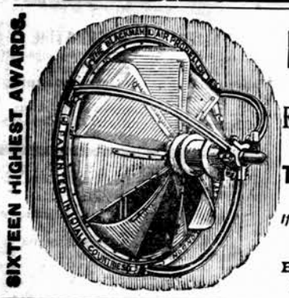

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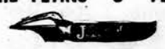

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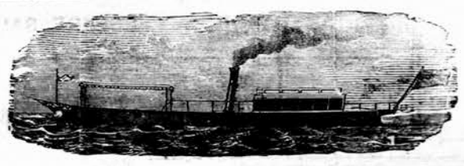

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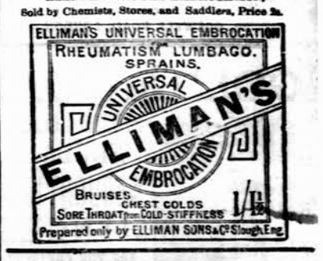

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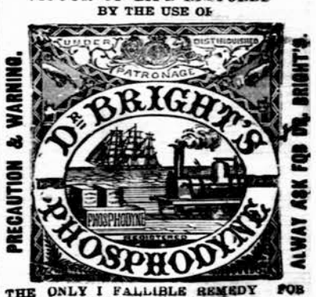

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